# CS101 Introduction to Computing

# **Important mcqs**

## Lec 1 - Introduction to Computer Science

Which of the following is NOT a programming language?

A. Java

B. Python

C. C++

D. Microsoft Excel

Answer: D. Microsoft Excel

#### Which of the following is an example of an algorithm?

- A. Playing a video game
- B. Checking your email
- C. Making a sandwich
- D. Sorting a list of numbers in ascending order

Answer: D. Sorting a list of numbers in ascending order

#### What is a variable in programming?

- A. A keyword used to define a function
- B. A value used to perform a calculation
- C. A named location in memory used to store data
- D. A programming language used to write code
- Answer: C. A named location in memory used to store data

#### Which of the following is NOT a basic data type in programming?

- A. Integer
- B. Float
- C. Boolean
- D. Text

Answer: D. Text

#### What is the purpose of a loop in programming?

- A. To execute a set of instructions only once
- B. To repeat a set of instructions multiple times
- C. To perform a calculation
- D. To store data
- Answer: B. To repeat a set of instructions multiple times

#### Which of the following is a data structure used to store a collection of elements in a specific order?

- A. Array
- B. Queue
- C. Stack
- D. Binary Tree
- Answer: A. Array

#### What is the difference between a compiler and an interpreter?

- A. A compiler translates code into machine language, while an interpreter executes code directly.
- B. An interpreter translates code into machine language, while a compiler executes code directly.
- C. A compiler and an interpreter are the same thing.

D. A compiler translates code into high-level language, while an interpreter translates it into machine language.

Answer: A. A compiler translates code into machine language, while an interpreter executes code directly.

#### What is the purpose of a function in programming?

- A. To repeat a set of instructions multiple times
- B. To store data
- C. To perform a calculation
- D. To encapsulate a set of instructions for reuse
- Answer: D. To encapsulate a set of instructions for reuse

#### What is a conditional statement in programming?

- A. A statement that performs a calculation
- B. A statement that causes a program to stop executing
- C. A loop that repeats a set of instructions while a condition is true
- D. A statement that executes code based on a specific condition

Answer: D. A statement that executes code based on a specific condition

#### What is an algorithm?

- A. A set of instructions for solving a problem
- B. A programming language
- C. A function used to perform calculations
- D. A data structure used to store data

Answer: A. A set of instructions for solving a problem

# Lec 2 - What is Computer Science?

Here are some multiple choice questions (MCQs) about "What is Computer Science?" with solutions and multiple options:

1. What is computer science? A. The study of algorithms and their properties B. The study of computer hardware only C. The study of the internet D. The study of biology

Solution: A. The study of algorithms and their properties

2. Which of the following is not a subfield of computer science? A. Mathematics B. Software engineering C. Artificial intelligence D. Human-computer interaction

Solution: A. Mathematics (although it is closely related to computer science)

3. What is software engineering? A. The process of designing and developing computer hardware B. The process of designing, developing, testing, and maintaining software systems C. The study of computer graphics D. The study of computer networks

Solution: B. The process of designing, developing, testing, and maintaining software systems

4. **What is artificial intelligence?** A. The process of creating computer systems that can perform tasks that typically require human intelligence B. The study of computer hardware C. The study of computer networks D. The study of databases

Solution: A. The process of creating computer systems that can perform tasks that typically require human intelligence

5. What is human-computer interaction (HCI)? A. The study of algorithms B. The study of computer hardware C. The study of how people interact with computer systems and the design of user interfaces D. The study of cybersecurity

Solution: C. The study of how people interact with computer systems and the design of user interfaces

6. What is cybersecurity? A. The study of computer networks B. The study of databases C. The study of how people interact with computer systems and the design of user interfaces D. The protection of computer systems and data from unauthorized access and the detection and response to cyber attacks

Solution: D. The protection of computer systems and data from unauthorized access and the detection and response to cyber attacks

7. Which of the following is a subfield of computer science related to the creation and manipulation of images and animations? A. Software engineering B. Databases C. Computer graphics D. Human-computer interaction

Solution: C. Computer graphics

8. Which of the following is a collection of interconnected devices that communicate with each other to exchange data and information? A. Software engineering B. Databases C. Computer graphics D. Computer networks

#### Solution: D. Computer networks

9. What is the main focus of computer science? A. The study of computer hardware B. The study of software engineering C. The study of algorithms and their properties D. The study of the internet

Solution: C. The study of algorithms and their properties

10. Which of the following is an important subfield of computer science that involves designing, implementing, and maintaining database systems? A. Databases B. Cybersecurity C. Artificial intelligence D. Computer networks

Solution: A. Databases

## Lec 3 - Computer Science Applications

- 1. Which of the following is an application of Artificial Intelligence? A) Online shopping B) Social media C) Autonomous vehicles D) Online banking Answer: C) Autonomous vehicles
- 2. Which of the following is an application of Cybersecurity? A) Social media platforms B) Mobile applications C) Intrusion detection systems D) Online shopping Answer: C) Intrusion detection systems
- 3. Which of the following is an application of Big Data and Data Science? A) Online gaming B) Supply chain management C) Social media platforms D) Online shopping Answer: B) Supply chain management
- 4. Which of the following is an application of Computer Graphics and Animation? A) Healthcare B) Advertising C) Education D) Finance Answer: B) Advertising
- 5. Which of the following is NOT an application of Machine Learning? A) Fraud detection in finance B) Personalized treatments in healthcare C) Social media platforms D) Autonomous vehicles Answer: C) Social media platforms
- 6. Which of the following is an application of Virtual Reality? A) Online shopping B) Social media platforms C) Autonomous vehicles D) Gaming Answer: D) Gaming
- 7. Which of the following is an application of Natural Language Processing? A) Social media platforms B) Autonomous vehicles C) Healthcare D) Online shopping Answer: A) Social media platforms
- 8. Which of the following is an application of Robotics? A) Online shopping B) Supply chain management C) Healthcare D) Online banking Answer: C) Healthcare
- 9. Which of the following is an application of Cloud Computing? A) Online shopping B) Social media platforms C) Autonomous vehicles D) Online storage and backup Answer: D) Online storage and backup
- 10. Which of the following is an application of Augmented Reality? A) Online shopping B) Gaming C) Autonomous vehicles D) Healthcare Answer: B) Gaming

## Lec 4 - Local Job Market

- 1. What is the local job market? A. The demand for goods and services in the local area. B. The availability of job opportunities in the local area. C. The number of people employed in the local area. D. The rate of unemployment in the local area. Answer: B
- 2. What is the knowledge-based economy? A. An economy based on agriculture. B. An economy based on natural resources. C. An economy based on technology and highly skilled workers. D. An economy based on manufacturing. Answer: C
- 3. How has the COVID-19 pandemic affected the local job market? A. It has led to increased demand for workers in the hospitality industry. B. It has led to a decrease in demand for workers in the healthcare industry. C. It has led to job losses and business closures. D. It has had no impact on the local job market. Answer: C
- 4. What can employers do to support the local job market? A. Invest in training programs. B. Provide competitive wages and benefits. C. Create a positive work environment. D. All of the above. Answer: D
- 5. **How can job seekers stay informed about industry trends and job opportunities in their area?** A. Attend job fairs. B. Network with professionals in their field. C. Research job postings online. D. All of the above. Answer: D
- What are some of the challenges of the computer-based job market? A. Rapid technological change.
  B. Increased competition among job seekers. C. The need to constantly update skills and adapt to new technologies. D. All of the above. Answer: D
- 7. What is the potential for growth and advancement in the computer-based job market? A. Limited. B. None. C. Significant. D. None of the above. Answer: C
- 8. What role do government policies play in the local job market? A. They can provide tax incentives to businesses. B. They can invest in infrastructure. C. They can implement regulations that affect certain industries. D. All of the above. Answer: D
- 9. What impact do demographic trends have on the local job market? A. None. B. They can create new opportunities in certain industries. C. They can lead to a decrease in job opportunities. D. They can lead to a decrease in the overall health of the economy. Answer: B

10. What is the importance of the local job market to the community? A. It reflects the economic health of the region. B. It provides opportunities for individuals to earn a living. C. It drives innovation and economic growth. D. All of the above. Answer: D

## Lec 5 - International Job Market

- 1. What is the primary language of communication in most businesses and industries around the world?
  - A) French
  - B) Mandarin
  - C) English
  - D) Spanish
  - Solution: C) English
- 2. What is one of the biggest challenges in the international job market?
  - A) Lack of job opportunities
  - B) Language barriers
  - C) Cultural differences
  - D) Low pay

## Solution: B) Language barriers

- 3. What is the most essential quality for anyone seeking to work in the international job market?
  - A) Fluency in English
  - B) Adaptability and flexibility
  - C) Open-mindedness
  - D) Strong interpersonal skills

## Solution: A) Fluency in English

## 4. What industry does the international job market not offer opportunities in?

- A) Technology
- B) Finance
- C) Hospitality
- D) Agriculture
- Solution: D) Agriculture

## 5. What quality is important to navigate cultural differences in the international job market?

- A) Adaptability
- B) Flexibility
- C) Patience
- D) All of the above

Solution: D) All of the above

6. What is the importance of effective communication in the international job market? A) Builds strong relationships B) Avoids misunderstandingsC) Helps avoid conflictsD) All of the aboveSolution: D) All of the above

#### 7. What is a unique challenge of the international job market?

- A) Bureaucracy
- B) Language barriers
- C) Cultural differences
- D) Low pay

#### Solution: A) Bureaucracy

#### 8. What quality is important to stand out in the competitive international job market?

- A) Fluency in multiple languages
- B) Strong work ethic
- C) Unique set of skills or experiences
- D) All of the above

#### Solution: C) Unique set of skills or experiences

# 9. What is one way the international job market contributes to the growth of different industries?

- A) By restricting job opportunities to locals
- B) By limiting communication to the local language
- C) By encouraging the exchange of ideas and skills
- D) By enforcing cultural norms and customs

#### Solution: C) By encouraging the exchange of ideas and skills

# 10. What is the most effective way to navigate the visa and work permit requirements in the international job market?

- A) Bypassing the regulations
- B) Hiring a lawyer
- C) Navigating the bureaucracy on your own
- D) Avoiding international job opportunities altogether

#### Solution: B) Hiring a lawyer

## Lec 6 - Are you not a student of computer science?

## 1. What is computer science?

- a) The study of computer hardware
- b) The study of computer software
- c) The study of both hardware and software
- d) None of the above

## Solution: c) The study of both hardware and software

- 2. Do you need to be a computer science student to be successful in technology-related careers?
  - a) Yes
  - b) No
  - c) Sometimes
  - d) It depends

## Solution: b) No

- 3. What are some technology-related careers that do not require a degree in computer science?
  - a) Graphic design
  - b) Business administration
  - c) Sales
  - d) All of the above

## Solution: d) All of the above

## 4. Why is it important to have a basic understanding of technology?

- a) To be successful in technology-related careers
- b) To troubleshoot basic computer problems
- c) To be a valuable employee
- d) All of the above

## Solution: d) All of the above

## 5. Can you teach yourself how to code?

- a) Yes
- b) No
- c) Only with the help of a tutor
- d) It depends

## Solution: a) Yes

- 6. Are coding boot camps a good way to learn how to code?
  - a) Yes
  - b) No
  - c) It depends on the individual
  - d) Only if you have prior coding experience

## Solution: c) It depends on the individual

## 7. What are some free resources available online for learning how to code?

- a) Coding tutorials
- b) YouTube videos
- c) Online forums
- d) All of the above

## Solution: d) All of the above

8. What is the difference between hardware and software?

a) Hardware is the physical components of a computer, while the software is the programs that run on the computer

b) Hardware is the programs that run on a computer, while the software is the physical components of a computer

- c) There is no difference between hardware and software
- d) None of the above

# Solution: a) Hardware is the physical components of a computer, while the software is the programs that run on the computer

## 9. Should you explore different career paths before deciding on a career in technology?

- a) Yes
- b) No
- c) It depends on the individual
- d) Only if you have no prior experience in technology

## Solution: a) Yes

## 10. Is it ever too late to start learning about technology?

- a) Yes
- b) No
- c) It depends on the individual
- d) Only if you are not interested in technology

## Solution: b) No

## Lec 7 - Search Engine Using Techniques

- 1. What is the process of analyzing web pages and indexing them in a search engine called?
  - a. Crawling
  - b. Ranking
  - c. Indexing
  - d. Searching

## Answer: c. Indexing

2. Which of the following is not a commonly used search engine?

- a. Google
- b. Yahoo
- c. Bing
- d. Amazon

## Answer: d. Amazon

## 3. What is the process of displaying search results in a particular order called?

- a. Crawling
- b. Indexing
- c. Ranking
- d. Searching

## Answer: c. Ranking

4. What is the name of the algorithm used by Google to rank web pages?

- a. Page Score
- b. Rank Brain
- c. Search Rank
- d. Google Rank

## Answer: b. Rank Brain

## 5. Which of the following is not a commonly used search operator?

- a. OR
- b. NOT
- c. AND
- d. XOR

## Answer: d. XOR

- 6. Which of the following is a technique used to improve the visibility of a website in search engine results?
  - a. Search engine optimization (SEO)
  - b. Search engine marketing (SEM)
  - c. Pay-per-click (PPC)
  - d. All of the above

#### Answer: d. All of the above

- 7. What is the name of the protocol used by web crawlers to request web pages from servers?
  - a. HTTP
  - b. FTP
  - c. SMTP
  - d. TCP/IP

#### Answer: a. HTTP

- 8. Which of the following is not a factor that affects a website's search engine ranking?
  - a. Page load speed
  - b. Mobile responsiveness
  - c. A number of outbound links
  - d. Use of relevant keywords

#### Answer: c. Number of outbound links

- 9. Which of the following is a commonly used tool for analyzing website traffic and search engine rankings?
  - a. Google Analytics
  - b. Yahoo Finance
  - c. Bing Ads
  - d. Amazon S3

#### Answer: a. Google Analytics

- 10. What is the name of the feature that displays related searches at the bottom of a search engine results page?
  - a. Suggested searches
  - b. Related searches
  - c. Recommended searches
  - d. Search suggestions

#### Answer: b. Related searches

# Lec 8 - History of Computing

## 1. Who invented the first mechanical calculator?

- a. Charles Babbage
- b. Blaise Pascal
- c. Alan Turing
- d. Tim Berners-Lee

## Answer: b. Blaise Pascal

- 2. What was the name of the first machine that could be programmed to perform different tasks?
  - a. Difference Engine
  - b. Analytical Engine
  - c. Colossus
  - d. ENIAC

## Answer: b. Analytical Engine

#### 3. What was the punch card machine used for?

- a. Processing data for the 1890 U.S. census
- b. Cracking German codes during World War II
- c. Business applications such as payroll processing and accounting
- d. Building and programming personal computers

## Answer: a. Processing data for the 1890 U.S. census

## 4. What was the first commercial computer?

- a. ENIAC
- b. UNIVAC
- c. PDP-8
- d. Apple II

## Answer: b. UNIVAC

#### 5. Who developed the first web browser?

- a. Charles Babbage
- b. Tim Berners-Lee
- c. Alan Turing
- d. Bill Gates

## Answer: b. Tim Berners-Lee

#### 6. What was the first successful personal computer for home use?

- a. Altair 8800
- b. ENIAC
- c. Apple II
- d. IBM PC

#### 7. What was the dominant operating system for personal computers?

- a. Windows
- b. macOS
- c. Linux
- d. Unix

## Answer: a. Windows

#### 8. What was the name of the first website?

- a. Google
- b. Yahoo
- c. Amazon
- d. Info.cern.ch

#### Answer: d. Info.cern.ch

#### 9. Who introduced the iPhone?

- a. Apple
- b. Microsoft
- c. Google
- d. IBM

#### Answer: a. Apple

#### 10. What are some of the latest developments in computing?

- a. Cloud computing, artificial intelligence, and the Internet of Things
- b. Punch card machines and mechanical calculators
- c. World Wide Web and web browsers
- d. Personal computers and smartphones

#### Answer: a. Cloud computing, artificial intelligence, and the Internet of Things.

## Lec 9 - Data Storage

#### 1. What is the smallest unit of digital data storage?

- a. Kilobyte
- b. Megabyte
- c. Gigabyte
- d. Bit

## Answer: d. Bit

## 2. What is the largest unit of digital data storage?

- a. Kilobyte
- b. Megabyte
- c. Terabyte
- d. Exabyte

## Answer: d. Exabyte

## 3. Which type of storage device uses magnetic fields to store data?

- a. Solid-state drive (SSD)
- b. Hard disk drive (HDD)
- c. USB flash drive
- d. Optical disc

## Answer: b. Hard disk drive (HDD)

## 4. What is the main disadvantage of optical discs as a storage medium?

- a. They are expensive
- b. They have limited storage capacity
- c. They are prone to physical damaged
- d. They are slow to access data

## Answer: b. They have limited storage capacity

## 5. Which type of storage device uses flash memory to store data?

- a. Solid-state drive (SSD)
- b. Hard disk drive (HDD)
- c. USB flash drive
- d. Optical disc

## Answer: a. Solid-state drive (SSD)

## 6. Which type of RAID configuration provides the highest level of data protection?

- a. RAID 0
- b. RAID 1
- c. RAID 5
- d. RAID 10

## Answer: d. RAID 10

#### 7. What is the purpose of data compression?

- a. To reduce the size of a file
- b. To increase the speed of data transfer
- c. To protect data from corruption
- d. To increase the storage capacity of a device

#### Answer: a. To reduce the size of a file

#### 8. What is the most common file system used in Windows computers?

- a. NTFS
- b. FAT32
- c. HFS+
- d. Ext4

#### Answer: a. NTFS

#### 9. Which type of backup creates a copy of all data, regardless of whether it has changed?

- a. Incremental backup
- b. Differential backup
- c. Full backup
- d. Mirror backup

#### Answer: c. Full backup

#### 10. What is the purpose of RAID?

- a. To improve the performance of a storage system
- b. To provide redundancy and data protection
- c. To compress data to save storage space
- d. To encrypt data for security purposes

#### Answer: b. To provide redundancy and data protection

## Lec 10 - Data Manipulation

## 1. What is data manipulation?

- A) The process of creating data
- B) The process of transforming data to prepare it for analysis or visualization
- C) The process of analyzing data
- D) The process of storing data

## Answer: B

## 2. Which of the following is not a data manipulation technique?

- A) Aggregating
- B) Filtering
- C) Sorting
- D) Backup

## Answer: D

#### 3. What is the purpose of cleaning data in data manipulation?

- A) To make it more difficult to analyze
- B) To remove errors and inconsistencies
- C) To reduce the size of the dataset
- D) To create new data

#### Answer: B

## 4. What is joining in data manipulation?

- A) The process of cleaning data
- B) The process of selecting a subset of data based on specific criteria
- C) The process of combining data from multiple sources based on a common variable
- D) The process of summarizing data by calculating totals or averages

#### Answer: C

## 5. Which tool is commonly used for data manipulation?

- A) Microsoft Word
- B) Google Drive
- C) Microsoft Excel
- D) Adobe Photoshop

## Answer: C

## 6. What is data wrangling?

- A) The process of cleaning and transforming data to make it more suitable for analysis
- B) The process of creating data
- C) The process of analyzing data
- D) The process of storing data

## Answer: A

#### 7. Which of the following is not a step in data cleaning?

- A) Identifying errors
- B) Removing duplicates
- C) Merging data
- D) Transforming data into a standardized format

#### Answer: C

#### 8. What is data munging?

- A) The process of cleaning and transforming data to make it more suitable for analysis
- B) The process of creating data
- C) The process of analyzing data
- D) The process of storing data

#### Answer: A

#### 9. What is the importance of data manipulation in machine learning?

- A) It is not important for machine learning
- B) It is important for creating data visualizations
- C) It is important for transforming raw data into a format suitable for training machine learning models

D) It is important for identifying errors in data

#### Answer: C

#### 10. Which programming languages are commonly used for data manipulation?

- A) Python and R
- B) Java and C++
- C) Ruby and PHP
- D) HTML and CSS

Answer: A

# Lec 11 - Operating System

## 1. Which of the following is not a function of an operating system?

- A) Resource management
- B) Process management
- C) User interface
- D) None of the above

## Answer: D

- 2. Which type of operating system can run only one program at a time?
  - A) Single-tasking
  - B) Multi-tasking
  - C) Real-time
  - D) Network

## Answer: A

- 3. Which function of an operating system manages the processes that are running on a computer?
  - A) Resource management
  - B) Process management
  - C) User interface
  - D) Networking

## Answer: B

- 4. Which feature of an operating system manages files and directories on a computer?
  - A) Memory management
  - B) File management
  - C) Security
  - D) Device management

## Answer: B

- 5. Which type of operating system is commonly used in industries, such as aviation and medical equipment?
  - A) Single-tasking
  - B) Multi-tasking
  - C) Real-time
  - D) Network

## Answer: C

- 6. Which function of an operating system provides a user interface to interact with the computer?
  - A) Resource management
  - B) Process management
  - C) User interface
  - D) Networking

#### Answer: C

- 7. Which feature of an operating system manages the devices connected to a computer, including printers and scanners?
  - A) Memory management
  - B) File management
  - C) Security
  - D) Device management

## Answer: D

- 8. Which type of operating system is designed to manage and control a network of computers?
  - A) Single-tasking
  - B) Multi-tasking
  - C) Real-time
  - D) Network

## Answer: D

- 9. Which function of an operating system manages the memory of a computer, including virtual memory?
  - A) Resource management
  - B) Process management
  - C) User interface
  - D) Memory management

## Answer: D

- 10. Which feature of an operating system provides security features, such as access control and encryption?
  - A) Memory management
  - B) File management
  - C) Security
  - D) Device management

#### Answer: C

# Lec 12 - Networking and the Internet

## 1. What is networking?

a) The practice of connecting devices together to share information and resources

b) The global network of networks that connects millions of computers and other devices around the world

c) The software that allows devices to communicate with each other

d) The model in which computing resources are delivered over the Internet

## Answer: a) The practice of connecting devices together to share information and resources

## 2. What is the Internet?

a) The practice of connecting devices together to share information and resources

b) The global network of networks that connects millions of computers and other devices around the world

c) The software that allows devices to communicate with each other

d) The model in which computing resources are delivered over the Internet

# Answer: b) The global network of networks that connects millions of computers and other devices around the world

## 3. What is cloud computing?

- a) A model in which computing resources are delivered over the Internet
- b) A physical connection between devices that allows them to share information and resources
- c) The software that allows devices to communicate with each other

d) The global network of networks that connects millions of computers and other devices around the world

## Answer: a) A model in which computing resources are delivered over the Internet

## 4. What is social networking?

a) The practice of connecting devices together to share information and resources

b) The global network of networks that connects millions of computers and other devices around the world

c) The software that allows devices to communicate with each other

d) A way to connect and share information with friends, family, and colleagues around the world

# Answer: d) A way to connect and share information with friends, family, and colleagues around the world

## 5. What is streaming?

a) The practice of connecting devices together to share information and resources

b) The global network of networks that connects millions of computers and other devices around the world

c) A way to watch movies, listen to music, and consume other forms of entertainment over the Internet

d) The model in which computing resources are delivered over the Internet

# Answer: c) A way to watch movies, listen to music, and consume other forms of entertainment over the Internet

#### 6. What is a data center?

- a) A model in which computing resources are delivered over the Internet
- b) A physical connection between devices that allows them to share information and resources
- c) A large-scale facility that houses computing power and storage
- d) The software that allows devices to communicate with each other

#### Answer: c) A large-scale facility that houses computing power and storage

#### 7. What is a server?

a) A device that connects to a network to share information and resources

b) The global network of networks that connects millions of computers and other devices around the world

c) A physical connection between devices that allows them to share information and resources

d) The software that allows devices to communicate with each other

## Answer: a) A device that connects to a network to share information and resources

#### 8. What is a router?

a) A device that connects to a network to share information and resources

b) The global network of networks that connects millions of computers and other devices around the world

c) A physical connection between devices that allows them to share information and resources

d) A device that directs traffic between different networks

## Answer: d) A device that directs traffic between different networks

#### 9. What is a modem?

a) A device that connects to a network to share information and resources

b) The global network of networks that connects millions of computers and other devices around the world

c) A physical connection between devices that allows them to share information and resources

d) A device that converts digital signals into analog signals for transmission over

# Lec 13 - Algorithms

#### 1. Which of the following is not a type of algorithm?

- A) Sorting algorithm
- B) Search algorithm
- C) Machine learning algorithm
- D) Linear algorithm

#### Answer: D) Linear algorithm

#### 2. Which algorithm is used to find the shortest route between two cities?

- A) Bubble sort
- B) Quick sort
- C) Gradient descent
- D) Dijkstra's algorithm

#### Answer: D) Dijkstra's algorithm

# 3. Which algorithm is used to analyze and learn from data in order to make predictions or decisions?

- A) Sorting algorithm
- B) Search algorithm
- C) Optimization algorithm
- D) Machine learning algorithm

## Answer: D) Machine learning algorithm

## 4. Which factor is not important to consider when designing an algorithm?

- A) Efficiency
- B) Accuracy
- C) Scalability
- D) Complexity

Answer: D) Complexity

## 5. Which sorting algorithm has the worst time complexity?

- A) Quick sort
- B) Bubble sort
- C) Insertion sort
- D) Selection sort

#### Answer: B) Bubble sort

## 6. Which search algorithm is more efficient for a sorted data set?

- A) Linear search
- B) Binary search

C) Hash-based searchD) All of the aboveAnswer: B) Binary search

#### 7. Which optimization algorithm is inspired by the process of cooling metals?

- A) Gradient descent
- B) Simulated annealing
- C) Genetic algorithms
- D) Particle swarm optimization

Answer: B) Simulated annealing

## 8. Which machine learning algorithm is based on decision trees?

- A) Neural networks
- B) Support vector machines
- C) Random forests
- D) K-means clustering

## Answer: C) Random forests

## 9. Which factor is most important to consider in real-time applications?

- A) Efficiency
- B) Accuracy
- C) Scalability
- D) Complexity

## Answer: A) Efficiency

- 10. Which algorithm is used to find the optimal solution for a problem by evaluating all possible solutions?
  - A) Brute force algorithm
  - B) Greedy algorithm
  - C) Dynamic programming
  - D) Hill climbing algorithm

Answer: A) Brute force algorithm

## Lec 14 - Programming Languages

1. Which of the following is not a programming language? a) HTML b) Java c) Python d) SQL

Answer: a) HTML

2. Which language is used for creating dynamic web pages? a) Python b) Ruby c) PHP d) Java

Answer: c) PHP

3. Which language is used for building iOS and macOS applications? a) Java b) Swift c) C++ d) Ruby

Answer: b) Swift

4. Which of the following is a low-level programming language? a) Java b) Python c) Assembly d) PHP

Answer: c) Assembly

5. Which language is used for managing and querying relational databases? a) Java b) Python c) SQL d) Ruby

#### Answer: c) SQL

6. Which language is used for systems programming and game development? a) C++ b) Python c) Ruby d) Java

Answer: a) C++

7. Which of the following is an interpreted language? a) C++ b) Java c) Perl d) Pascal

Answer: c) Perl

8. Which language is used for creating interactive user interfaces? a) Java b) Python c) Ruby d) JavaScript

Answer: d) JavaScript

9. Which language is used for data analysis and machine learning? a) Python b) Ruby c) Java d) C++

Answer: a) Python

10. Which of the following is a compiled language? a) Perl b) Python c) C d) PHP

Answer: c) C

# Lec 15 - Software Engineering

## 1. What is software engineering?

- A. The process of building hardware systems
- B. The process of building software systems
- C. The process of building both hardware and software systems

Answer: B

## 2. What is the first phase of the software development process?

- A. Design
- B. Testing

C. Requirements gathering

Answer: C

## 3. What is software implementation?

- A. The process of gathering requirements
- B. The process of designing the software

C. The process of writing the code that makes up the software system **Answer: C** 

## 4. What is software testing?

A. The process of verifying that the software system works as expected

- B. The process of writing the code that makes up the software system
- C. The process of gathering requirements
- Answer: A

## 5. What is software maintenance?

- A. The process of making changes and updates to the software system over time
- B. The process of gathering requirements
- C. The process of designing the software

Answer: A

## 6. What are the phases of the software development process?

- A. Requirements gathering, design, implementation, testing, and maintenance
- B. Design, implementation, testing, and maintenance
- C. Implementation, testing, and maintenance

Answer: A

## 7. What is project management in software engineering?

A. The process of writing the code that makes up the software system

B. The process of managing resources to achieve specific goals in software development

C. The process of verifying that the software system works as expected **Answer: B** 

#### 8. What is software design?

A. The process of gathering requirements

- B. The process of verifying that the software system works as expected
- C. The process of defining the architecture of the software

Answer: C

## 9. What are some important soft skills for software engineers?

A. Communication, teamwork, and problem-solving

B. Writing, reading, and arithmetic

C. Speaking, listening and typing

Answer: A

## 10. What is quality assurance in software engineering?

A. The process of ensuring that the software system meets the specified requirements and is free from defects

B. The process of gathering requirements

C. The process of managing resources to achieve specific goals in software development **Answer: A** 

# Lec 16 - Data Abstraction

#### 1. What is data abstraction in software development?

- a) The process of revealing implementation details to the user
- b) The process of hiding implementation details from the user
- c) The process of optimizing software for speed
- d) The process of documenting software code

## Answer: b) The process of hiding implementation details from the user

## 2. How does data abstraction help in managing complexity?

- a) By revealing implementation details
- b) By making the code more complicated
- c) By providing a simplified view of the system
- d) By slowing down the software system

## Answer: c) By providing a simplified view of the system

#### 3. What are abstract data types?

- a) Data types that are not used in programming
- b) Data types that can only be used in one programming language
- c) Data structures that encapsulate data and operations
- d) Data structures that are not used in programming

#### Answer: c) Data structures that encapsulate data and operations

## 4. Which programming paradigm uses classes and interfaces for data abstraction?

- a) Functional programming
- b) Procedural programming
- c) Object-oriented programming
- d) Imperative programming

## Answer: c) Object-oriented programming

## 5. What is modular programming?

- a) A programming paradigm that uses functions and procedures
- b) A programming paradigm that focuses on speed optimization
- c) A programming paradigm that focuses on revealing implementation details
- d) A programming paradigm that doesn't use abstraction

## Answer: a) A programming paradigm that uses functions and procedures

## 6. How does data abstraction help in improving software quality?

- a) By making the code more complex
- b) By reducing the likelihood of errors and bugs
- c) By slowing down the software system
- d) By making it difficult to maintain the software system

## Answer: b) By reducing the likelihood of errors and bugs

#### 7. What are APIs?

- a) Sets of functions or methods that can be used to interact with a software system
- b) Sets of data structures that encapsulate data and operations
- c) Sets of programming paradigms
- d) Sets of optimization techniques for software systems

#### Answer: a) Sets of functions or methods that can be used to interact with a software system

#### 8. What is the role of libraries in data abstraction?

- a) Libraries provide pre-built code that can be used to perform specific tasks
- b) Libraries provide a simplified view of the software system
- c) Libraries provide a detailed view of the software system
- d) Libraries provide only data structures for use in programming

#### Answer: a) Libraries provide pre-built code that can be used to perform specific tasks

#### 9. How does data abstraction make software systems easier to use for end-users?

- a) By revealing implementation details
- b) By making the software system more complex
- c) By providing a simplified view of the software system
- d) By slowing down the software system

## Answer: c) By providing a simplified view of the software system

#### 10. What is the difference between data abstraction and data encapsulation?

a) Data abstraction is the process of hiding implementation details, while data encapsulation is the process of combining data and methods into a single unit

- b) Data abstraction and data encapsulation are the same things
- c) Data abstraction is the process of revealing implementation details, while data encapsulation
- is the process of hiding implementation details
- d) Data abstraction is not used in programming

# Answer: a) Data abstraction is the process of hiding implementation details, while data encapsulation is the process of combining data and methods into a single unit

## Lec 17 - Database Systems

## 1. Which of the following is a popular database management system?

- A) MySQL
- B) Photoshop
- C) Microsoft Word
- D) Google Chrome
- Answer: A) MySQL

#### 2. Which of the following is not a type of database model?

- A) Relational model
- B) Object-oriented model
- C) Hierarchical model
- D) Sequential model

## Answer: D) Sequential model

## 3. Which of the following is a type of join in SQL?

- A) Standalone join
- B) Inner join
- C) Random join
- D) Dynamic join
- Answer: B) Inner join

## 4. Which of the following SQL statements is used to create a new table?

- A) INSERT INTO
- B) DELETE FROM
- C) CREATE A TABLE
- D) UPDATE
- Answer: C) CREATE TABLE

## 5. What is the purpose of a primary key in a table?

- A) To ensure data consistency
- B) To enforce data validation rules
- C) To uniquely identify each record in the table
- D) To prevent unauthorized access to the table

## Answer: C) To uniquely identify each record in the table

## 6. Which of the following is a characteristic of a database transaction?

A) It must be committed before it can be rolled back

- B) It must be rolled back before it can be committed
- C) It must be both committed and rolled back at the same time

D) It must be committed or rolled back based on user input Answer: A) It must be committed before it can be rolled back

## 7. What is the purpose of the WHERE clause in an SQL query?

- A) To specify the order in which the results should be displayed
- B) To specify the columns to be displayed in the results
- C) To filter the results based on a condition
- D) To group the results based on a common attribute

Answer: C) To filter the results based on a condition

# 8. Which of the following is a type of data inconsistency that can occur in a database?

- A) Primary key inconsistency
- B) Foreign key inconsistency
- C) Data type inconsistency
- D) All of the above

## Answer: D) All of the above

## 9. Which of the following is not a commonly used database model?

- A) Relational model
- B) Object-oriented model
- C) Hierarchical model
- D) Circular model

## Answer: D) Circular model

## 10. Which of the following SQL statements is used to modify data in a table?

A) INSERT INTOB) DELETE FROMC) ALTER TABLED) UPDATE

Answer: D) UPDATE

# Lec 18 - Artificial Intelligence

## 1. What is the goal of artificial intelligence?

- a) To create machines that can think and act like humans
- b) To replace humans in all areas of work
- c) To dominate the world

## Answer: a) To create machines that can think and act like humans

## 2. What is machine learning?

- a) The process of programming machines to do specific tasks
- b) The process of teaching machines to learn from data
- c) The process of building machines from scratch

## Answer: b) The process of teaching machines to learn from data

## 3. What is deep learning?

- a) A type of machine learning that uses neural networks with many layers
- b) A type of machine learning that uses decision trees
- c) A type of machine learning that uses clustering algorithms

## Answer: a) A type of machine learning that uses neural networks with many layers

## 4. What is natural language processing?

- a) The process of teaching machines to understand human language
- b) The process of teaching machines to speak human language
- c) The process of teaching humans to speak machine language

## Answer: a) The process of teaching machines to understand human language

## 5. What is computer vision?

- a) The process of teaching machines to see like humans
- b) The process of teaching machines to hear like humans
- c) The process of teaching machines to smell like humans

## Answer: a) The process of teaching machines to see like humans

## 6. Which of the following is an example of supervised learning?

- a) Clustering
- b) Regression
- c) Reinforcement learning

## Answer: b) Regression

## 7. Which of the following is an example of unsupervised learning?

- a) Clustering
- b) Regression
- c) Reinforcement learning

## Answer: a) Clustering

## 8. Which of the following is an example of reinforcement learning?

- a) Clustering
- b) Regression
- c) Playing a game of chess

#### Answer: c) Playing a game of chess

#### 9. What is the Turing test?

a) A test to determine if a machine can exhibit intelligent behavior equivalent to, or indistinguishable from, that of a human

b) A test to determine if a human can exhibit intelligent behavior equivalent to, or indistinguishable from, that of a machine

c) A test to determine if a machine can feel emotions like a human

# Answer: a) A test to determine if a machine can exhibit intelligent behavior equivalent to, or indistinguishable from, that of a human

## 10. Which of the following is NOT a potential application of artificial intelligence?

- a) Medical diagnosis
- b) Autonomous driving
- c) Teleportation

#### Answer: c) Teleportation

# Lec 19 - CS impact on society

- 1. What is the primary means of communication and information sharing for people around the world?
  - a. Television
  - b. Radio
  - c. Telephone
  - d. Internet

#### Answer: d. Internet

- 2. What is the impact of computer-aided design (CAD) and computer-aided manufacturing (CAM) on the manufacturing industry?
  - a. Reduced efficiency
  - b. Increased cost
  - c. Revolutionized the industry
  - d. No impact

#### Answer: c. Revolutionized the industry

#### 3. What is artificial intelligence (AI)?

a. The development of computer systems that can perform tasks that typically require human intelligence

- b. The study of the principles and practices of computing
- c. The use of computers to simulate human thought processes
- d. The study of human-computer interaction

# Answer: a. The development of computer systems that can perform tasks that typically require human intelligence

#### 4. What is the potential impact of AI on industries?

- a. No impact
- b. Revolutionize industries such as healthcare and finance
- c. Decrease efficiency
- d. Increase cost

#### Answer: b. Revolutionize industries such as healthcare and finance

#### 5. What impact has computer science had on education?

- a. No impact
- b. Created new opportunities for online learning and access to high-quality education
- c. Decreased access to education
- d. Decreased the quality of education

# Answer: b. Created new opportunities for online learning and access to high-quality education

- 6. What impact has the internet had on society?
  - a. No impact
  - b. Revolutionized the way people communicate and access information

- c. Decreased access to information
- d. Decreased efficiency

#### Answer: b. Revolutionized the way people communicate and access information

#### 7. What is the impact of automation and robotics on the job market?

- a. Decreased job opportunities
- b. Increased job opportunities
- c. No impact
- d. Increased job security

#### Answer: a. Decreased job opportunities

#### 8. What are MOOCs?

- a. Massive open online courses that make it possible for people to learn new skills
- b. A type of computer virus
- c. A type of computer hardware
- d. A type of computer software

#### Answer: a. Massive open online courses that make it possible for people to learn new skills

#### 9. What impact has computer science had on healthcare?

- a. Decreased efficiency
- b. Decreased access to healthcare
- c. Created electronic medical records that make it easier for doctors and nurses to access patient information
- d. No impact

# Answer: c. Created electronic medical records that make it easier for doctors and nurses to access patient information

#### 10. What new industries have been created by the internet?

- a. Television and radio
- b. Social media and online advertising
- c. Print media and newspapers
- d. Postal services

#### Answer: b. Social media and online advertising

# Lec 21 - Content Filtering, Spam, International laws

## 1. What is content filtering?

- a. The process of identifying and blocking unwanted emails
- b. The process of screening and blocking access to specific online content
- c. The process of removing spam messages from online platforms
- d. The process of identifying and removing malware from computers

## Answer: b. The process of screening and blocking access to specific online content.

## 2. What is spam?

a. The process of sending unwanted emails to individuals or organizations

- b. The process of blocking access to specific online content
- c. The process of removing malware from computers
- d. The process of identifying and blocking unwanted messages from online platforms

## Answer: a. The process of sending unwanted emails to individuals or organizations.

## 3. What is the CAN-SPAM Act?

a. A European Union regulation that provides individuals with the right to control their personal data

b. A law in the United States that requires senders to provide recipients with a way to opt-out of future messages

c. Guidelines and best practices developed by the ITU for content filtering and spam

d. A law in China that restricts access to certain online content

# Answer: b. A law in the United States requires senders to provide recipients with a way to opt-out of future messages.

## 4. What is the GDPR?

a. Guidelines and best practices developed by the ITU for content filtering and spam

b. A law in the United States that requires senders to provide recipients with a way to opt-out of future messages

c. A European Union regulation that provides individuals with the right to control their personal data

d. A law in China that restricts access to certain online content

# Answer: c. A European Union regulation provides individuals with the right to control their personal data.

## 5. What is the role of the ITU in addressing content filtering and spam?

a. To promote the development and use of information and communication technologies in a safe and secure manner

- b. To provide individuals with the right to control their personal data
- c. To restrict access to certain online content in China
- d. To identify and block unwanted emails and messages

# Answer: a. To promote the development and use of information and communication technologies in a safe and secure manner.

#### 6. What are some examples of organizations that use content filtering?

- a. Email providers and social media platforms
- b. Schools, libraries, and public institutions
- c. Companies that provide IT security services
- d. Government agencies that monitor online activity

#### Answer: b. Schools, libraries, and public institutions.

#### 7. What is the purpose of email filters?

- a. To block access to specific online content
- b. To remove spam messages from online platforms
- c. To identify and block unwanted emails
- d. To provide recipients with a way to opt out of future messages

#### Answer: c. To identify and block unwanted emails.

#### 8. What are the criticisms of content filtering?

- a. It can limit freedom of speech and access to information
- b. Its criteria can be arbitrary, leading to unjustified censorship
- c. It can be used to block access to legitimate content
- d. All of the above

#### Answer: d. All of the above.

#### 9. How can individuals protect themselves from spam?

- a. By using email filters
- b. By blocking messages from specific senders or with specific keywords
- c. By using email providers and social media platforms spam filters
- d. All of the above

#### Answer: d. All of the above.

# 10. How can companies comply with international laws and regulations regarding content filtering and spam?

- a. By implementing policies and procedures that prioritize the protection of personal data
- b. By promoting a safe and secure online environment for users
- c. By complying with guidelines and best practices developed by the ITU

## Lec 22 - Word Processing

#### 1. Which of the following is an example of a word-processing document?

- a. Spreadsheet
- b. Presentation
- c. Memo
- d. Database
- Answer: c. Memo

#### 2. What does word-processing software allow users to do?

- a. Edit audio files
- b. Create websites
- c. Format text documents
- d. Create animations

#### Answer: c. Format text documents

#### 3. Which of the following is a common file format for word-processing documents?

- a. .docx
- b. .pptx
- c. .xlsx
- d. .pdf
- Answer: a. .docx

## 4. Which of the following is a potential drawback of word processing software?

- a. Easy collaboration
- b. Professional-looking documents
- c. Potential for errors
- d. Free of cost

## Answer: c. Potential for errors

## 5. Which of the following is a formatting option available in word processing software?

- a. Animation
- b. Video
- c. Font selection
- d. Audio

## Answer: c. Font selection

## 6. Can multiple users collaborate on a single document using word processing software?

- a. Yes
- b. No
- c. It depends on the software

7. What is the difference between spell check and grammar check in word processing software?

a. Spell check checks for grammatical errors, while grammar check checks for spelling errors. b. Both check for spelling errors only.

c. Spell check checks for spelling errors, while grammar check checks for grammatical errors and inconsistencies.

d. Neither check for spelling or grammatical errors.

Answer: c. Spell check checks for spelling errors, while grammar check checks for grammatical errors and inconsistencies.

- 8. Which of the following is a potential benefit of word processing software?
  - a. Inability to copy and paste text
  - b. Limited formatting options
  - c. Easy collaboration
  - d. Inability to save documents in different file formats

Answer: c. Easy collaboration

#### 9. What are some common uses for word processing software?

- a. Creating websites
- b. Editing videos
- c. Creating spreadsheets
- d. Creating letters and reports

Answer: d. Creating letters and reports

#### 10. Is word processing software easy to use?

- a. Yes, it is very difficult to use
- b. No, it is very easy to use

c. It depends on the software and the user's level of experience. It depends on the user's typing speed

## Answer: c. It depends on the software and the user's level of experience