

# ISL201

## Islamic Studies

### Important mcqs

#### Lec 1 - FAITH

**What is the meaning of "iman" in Islam?**

- A) Faith
- B) Prayer
- C) Fasting
- D) Charity

**Answer: A) Faith**

**How many pillars of faith are there in Islam?**

- A) Three
- B) Five
- C) Seven
- D) Ten

**Answer: B) Five**

**What is the first pillar of faith in Islam?**

- A) Shahada
- B) Salat
- C) Zakat
- D) Hajj

**Answer: A) Shahada**

**What is the meaning of "tawakkul" in Islam?**

- A) Faith in God
- B) Fear of God
- C) Trust in God
- D) Submission to God

**Answer: C) Trust in God**

**What is the meaning of "iman bil-ghayb" in Islam?**

- A) Faith in the unseen
- B) Faith in the visible
- C) Faith in oneself
- D) Faith in others

**Answer: A) Faith in the unseen**

**What is the difference between "iman" and "islam" in Islam?**

- A) There is no difference
- B) Iman refers to faith and Islam refers to submission to God
- C) Iman refers to prayer and Islam refers to fasting
- D) Iman refers to charity and Islam refers to pilgrimage

**Answer: B) Iman refers to faith and Islam refers to submission to God**

**What is the meaning of "aqeedah" in Islam?**

- A) Faith
- B) Prayer
- C) Fasting
- D) Charity

**Answer: A) Faith**

**What is the significance of "sincerity" in Islam?**

- A) It is one of the pillars of faith

- B) It is the foundation of faith
- C) It is the goal of faith
- D) It is not important in Islam

**Answer: B) It is the foundation of faith**

**What is the meaning of "iman al-mufassal" in Islam?**

- A) Detailed faith
- B) General faith
- C) Weak faith
- D) Strong faith

**Answer: A) Detailed faith**

**What is the meaning of "iman al-mujmal" in Islam?**

- A) Detailed faith
- B) General faith
- C) Weak faith
- D) Strong faith

**Answer: B) General faith**

## **Lec 2 - TAQWA**

### **What is Taqwa?**

- a) A type of prayer
- b) A form of charity
- c) A conscious effort to guard oneself against sin
- d) A pilgrimage to Mecca

**Answer: c) A conscious effort to guard oneself against sin**

### **What is the literal meaning of Taqwa?**

- a) Fear
- b) Love
- c) Obedience
- d) Forgiveness

**Answer: a) Fear**

### **Which verse of the Quran emphasizes the importance of Taqwa?**

- a) Surah Al-Fatiha, verse 1
- b) Surah Al-Baqarah, verse 197
- c) Surah Al-Ikhlās, verse 1-4
- d) Surah Al-Kafirun, verse 1-6

**Answer: b) Surah Al-Baqarah, verse 197**

### **Which of the following is NOT a way to cultivate Taqwa?**

- a) Prayer
- b) Fasting
- c) Engaging in sinful behavior
- d) Giving charity

**Answer: c) Engaging in sinful behavior**

**What is the most noble quality in the sight of Allah?**

- a) Wealth
- b) Power
- c) Righteousness
- d) Intelligence

**Answer: c) Righteousness**

**What is the role of mindfulness in cultivating Taqwa?**

- a) It is not important
- b) It involves being aware of Allah's presence in one's life
- c) It involves seeking forgiveness from Allah
- d) It involves performing good deeds

**Answer: b) It involves being aware of Allah's presence in one's life**

**What is the benefit of cultivating Taqwa?**

- a) It strengthens one's connection with Allah
- b) It creates chaos in society
- c) It leads to arrogance and pride
- d) It weakens one's faith in Allah

**Answer: a) It strengthens one's connection with Allah**

**How does Taqwa contribute to creating a just society?**

- a) It promotes selfish behavior
- b) It fosters a sense of community and social responsibility
- c) It leads to corruption and greed
- d) It causes conflict and division

**Answer: b) It fosters a sense of community and social responsibility**

**Which of the following is a practical way to cultivate Taqwa?**

- a) Engaging in sinful behavior
- b) Lying and backbiting
- c) Giving charity
- d) Ignoring the rights of others

**Answer: c) Giving charity**

**How does Taqwa relate to the concept of repentance?**

- a) It encourages sinful behavior
- b) It involves acknowledging one's sins and striving to avoid them
- c) It promotes arrogance and pride
- d) It leads to a weakening of faith in Allah

**Answer: b) It involves acknowledging one's sins and striving to avoid them**

### **Lec 3 - OBEDIENCE OF GOD**

**What does obedience to God mean in Islamic theology?**

- A) Following the commands of Allah
- B) Following the commands of the Prophet Muhammad
- C) Following the commands of one's parents
- D) None of the above

**Answer: A) Following the commands of Allah**

**Why is obedience to God considered the most important obligation of every Muslim?**

- A) Because Allah is the ultimate authority and creator of the universe
- B) Because it is the only way to attain material success
- C) Because it is a way to gain power and influence
- D) None of the above**

**Answer: A) Because Allah is the ultimate authority and creator of the universe**

**What is the link between obedience to God and the belief in tawhid?**

- A) There is no link
- B) The belief in tawhid is closely linked to obedience to God
- C) The belief in tawhid contradicts obedience to God
- D) None of the above

**Answer: B) The belief in tawhid is closely linked to obedience to God**

**What are some of the commands of Allah that Muslims are required to obey?**

- A) Prayer, fasting, charity, and pilgrimage
- B) Only prayer and fasting
- C) Only charity and pilgrimage
- D) None of the above

**Answer: A) Prayer, fasting, charity, and pilgrimage**

**What are some of the rewards of obedience to God as mentioned in the Quran?**

- A) Entry into Paradise, freedom from fear and grief, and Allah's mercy and forgiveness
- B) Material wealth and success in this life
- C) Physical beauty and strength
- D) None of the above

**Answer: A) Entry into Paradise, freedom from fear and grief, and Allah's mercy and forgiveness**

**Why is obedience to God not always easy?**

- A) Because Allah's commands are difficult to understand
- B) Because people have their own desires and temptations
- C) Because Allah's commands are not relevant to modern society
- D) None of the above

**Answer: B) Because people have their own desires and temptations**

**What is the role of sincerity and humility in obedience to God?**

- A) They are not important
- B) They are important in obedience to God
- C) They are important in disobedience to God
- D) None of the above**

**Answer: B) They are important in obedience to God**

**How does the Prophet Muhammad emphasize the importance of obedience to God?**

- A) He does not emphasize the importance of obedience to God
- B) He emphasizes the importance of obedience to God in many hadiths
- C) He emphasizes the importance of disobedience to God
- D) None of the above

**Answer: B) He emphasizes the importance of obedience to God in many hadiths**



**Why is obedience to God considered a natural consequence of the belief in His oneness?**

- A) Because Allah is the only true God
- B) Because there are many gods and goddesses
- C) Because Allah is not important
- D) None of the above

**Answer: A) Because Allah is the only true God**

**What is the ultimate goal of obedience to God for Muslims?**

- A) To attain material success
- B) To gain power and influence
- C) To attain Allah's mercy and forgiveness and to enter Paradise
- D) None of the above

**Answer: C) To attain Allah's mercy and forgiveness and to enter Paradise**

## **Lec 4 - OBEDIENCE OF PROPHETS AND EXECUTIVE AUTHORITY**

**What is the significance of obedience to the prophets in Islam?**

- A) It is not important
- B) It is considered a fundamental part of Islamic belief
- C) It is considered a form of disobedience to Allah
- D) None of the above

**Answer: B) It is considered a fundamental part of Islamic belief**

**Who represents the executive authority in Islam?**

- A) The military
- B) Religious scholars
- C) Community members
- D) None of the above

**Answer: B) Religious scholars**

**What does the Quran say about obedience to those in positions of authority?**

- A) It is not important
- B) Muslims should only obey those who are of their same social status
- C) Muslims should obey those in positions of authority among them
- D) None of the above

**Answer: C) Muslims should obey those in positions of authority among them**

**Can Muslims disobey those in positions of authority?**

- A) Yes, they can disobey them at any time
- B) No, Muslims must always obey those in positions of authority
- C) Muslims are required to obey their leaders as long as their commands do not contradict the commands of Allah and the Prophet Muhammad
- D) None of the above

**Answer: C) Muslims are required to obey their leaders as long as their commands do not contradict the commands of Allah and the Prophet Muhammad**

**What did the Prophet Muhammad say about obeying those in positions of authority?**

- A) Muslims should only obey those who are of their same social status
- B) Muslims should obey those in positions of authority among them
- C) Listen and obey, even if the ruler appointed over you is an Ethiopian slave, for whoever obeys him, obeys me, and whoever disobeys him, disobeys me
- D) None of the above

**Answer: C) Listen and obey, even if the ruler appointed over you is an Ethiopian slave, for whoever obeys him, obeys me, and whoever disobeys him, disobeys me**

**What can disobedience to the executive authority lead to?**

- A) Order and justice within the community
- B) Chaos and disorder within the community
- C) None of the above

**Answer: B) Chaos and disorder within the community**

**Why is obedience to authority emphasized in Islam?**

- A) It is not important
- B) It maintains order and justice within the community
- C) It is necessary for the well-being of the Muslim ummah (community)
- D) All of the above

**Answer: D) All of the above**

**Is obedience to authority blind in Islam?**

- A) Yes, obedience to authority is always blind in Islam
- B) No, obedience to authority is based on the understanding that those in positions of authority are responsible for the well-being of the community
- C) None of the above

**Answer: B) No, obedience to authority is based on the understanding that those in positions of authority are responsible for the well-being of the community**

**What does the Quran say about obedience to the Prophet Muhammad?**

- A) It is not important
- B) Muslims should only obey those who are of their same social status
- C) Muslims should obey the Prophet Muhammad as outlined in the Quran and the Hadiths
- D) None of the above

**Answer: C) Muslims should obey the Prophet Muhammad as outlined in the Quran and the Hadiths**

**What is the responsibility of those in positions of authority in Islam?**

- A) They are responsible for maintaining order and justice within the community
- B) They are not responsible for anything
- C) They are responsible for causing chaos and disorder within the community
- D) None of the above

**Answer: A) They are responsible for maintaining order and justice within**

## **Lec 5 - SINCERITY (IKHLAAS)'**

**What is Ikhlāas in Islam?**

- A) Charity
- B) Sincerity
- C) Fasting
- D) Prayer

**Answer: B) Sincerity**

**Why is sincerity important in Islam?**

- A) To gain worldly recognition
- B) To please Allah
- C) To become wealthy
- D) To gain social status

**Answer: B) To please Allah**

**What is the opposite of sincerity in Islam?**

- A) Showing off
- B) Humility
- C) Gratitude
- D) Generosity

**Answer: A) Showing off**

**What is the ultimate goal of sincerity in Islam?**

- A) To gain material wealth
- B) To gain social status
- C) To please Allah
- D) To become famous

**Answer: C) To please Allah**

**Which aspect of sincerity involves performing actions perfectly?**

- A) Consciousness of Allah
- B) Pure intention
- C) Avoiding showing off
- D) Perfection of actions

**Answer: D) Perfection of actions**

**What is the sin of showing off in Islam?**

- A) Doing an act of worship to gain recognition from others
- B) Doing an act of worship sincerely
- C) Performing an act of worship for the sake of Allah
- D) Avoiding an act of worship to gain recognition from others

**Answer: A) Doing an act of worship to gain recognition from others**

**Is sincerity limited to worship alone in Islam?**

- A) Yes
- B) No

**Answer: B) No**

**What is the role of self-reflection in maintaining sincerity?**

- A) To become wealthy
- B) To please Allah
- C) To gain social status
- D) To gain recognition from others

**Answer: B) To please Allah**

**Can a person be sincere but still perform actions poorly?**

- A) Yes

B) No

**Answer: A) Yes**

**What is the relationship between striving for excellence and sincerity in Islam?**

A) They are not related

B) Striving for excellence is a key aspect of sincerity

C) Striving for excellence is not important in Islam

D) Sincerity is not important in striving for excellence

**Answer: B) Striving for excellence is a key aspect of sincerity.**

## **Lec 6 - MORALITY OF PROPHET**

**What was the Prophet's attitude towards honesty?**

- A) He encouraged his followers to be honest in all aspects of life.
- B) He did not emphasize honesty as an important virtue.
- C) He believed that lying was acceptable in certain situations.

**Answer: A**

**What did the Prophet teach about the treatment of enemies?**

- A) He taught his followers to retaliate with violence and aggression.
- B) He encouraged forgiveness and reconciliation.
- C) He believed that it was acceptable to mistreat one's enemies.

**Answer: B**

**How did the Prophet interact with his family and companions?**

- A) He treated them with disrespect and dishonor.
- B) He was known for his kindness and love towards them.
- C) He did not have any significant relationships with his family or companions.

**Answer: B**

**What role did social responsibility play in the Prophet's teachings?**

- A) He did not emphasize the importance of community service.
- B) He encouraged his followers to take care of the needy and vulnerable members of society.
- C) He believed that individuals should focus solely on their own personal success and well-being.

**Answer: B**

**What was the Prophet's approach towards discrimination and prejudice?**

- A) He encouraged discrimination and prejudice towards certain groups of people.
- B) He discouraged any form of discrimination or prejudice.



C) He believed that discrimination and prejudice were acceptable in certain situations.

**Answer: B**

**What did the Prophet teach about justice and fairness?**

A) He did not emphasize the importance of justice and fairness.

B) He consistently upheld the rights of all individuals and communities.

C) He believed that justice and fairness should only be applied to certain groups of people.

**Answer: B**

**How did the Prophet demonstrate compassion towards others?**

A) He showed compassion towards all people.

B) He only showed compassion towards his own community.

C) He did not believe in demonstrating compassion towards others.

**Answer: A**

**What was the significance of the Prophet's emphasis on personal accountability and responsibility?**

A) He did not believe in personal accountability and responsibility.

B) He taught his followers to take ownership of their actions and decisions.

C) He believed that individuals should blame others for their mistakes.

**Answer: B**

**What was the Prophet's approach towards humility?**

A) He encouraged his followers to be arrogant and boastful.

B) He believed that humility was not an important virtue.

C) He emphasized the importance of humility and modesty.

**Answer: C**

**What was the significance of the Prophet's teachings on community service and working for the greater good of society?**

- A) He believed that individuals should only focus on their own personal success and well-being.
- B) He did not emphasize the importance of giving back to the community.
- C) He encouraged his followers to be active members of society and work to make the world a better place.

**Answer: C**

## **Lec 7 - PRACTICAL LAW (Ibadat)'**

**Which of the following is not considered as one of the Five Pillars of Islam?**

- a) Hajj
- b) Salah
- c) Zakat
- d) Fasting
- e) Smoking

**Answer: e) Smoking**

**How many times a day do Muslims offer Salah?**

- a) 1
- b) 2
- c) 3
- d) 4
- e) 5

**Answer: e) 5**

**Which of the following is the month of fasting in Islam?**

- a) Muharram
- b) Safar
- c) Rabi al-Awwal
- d) Ramadan
- e) Shawwal

**Answer: d) Ramadan**

**What is the name of the pilgrimage that Muslims make to Mecca?**

- a) Ihram
- b) Hajj

- c) Umrah
- d) Tawaf
- e) Sa'i

**Answer: b) Hajj**

**How many times do Muslims perform Tawaf during Hajj?**

- a) 1
- b) 2
- c) 3
- d) 4
- e) 7

**Answer: e) 7**

**Which of the following is not one of the conditions for fasting in Islam?**

- a) Being a Muslim
- b) Being physically and mentally able to fast
- c) Being financially able to provide for oneself and family
- d) Being in a state of purity
- e) None of the above

**Answer: c) Being financially able to provide for oneself and family**

**What is the name of the charity that Muslims are required to give?**

- a) Sadaqah
- b) Zakat
- c) Khums
- d) Fitrah
- e) Kaffarah

**Answer: b) Zakat**

**What is the name of the pilgrimage that Muslims can make any time of the year?**

- a) Ihram
- b) Hajj
- c) Umrah
- d) Tawaf
- e) Sa'i

**Answer: c) Umrah**

**What is the name of the prayer that Muslims perform immediately after the sunset?**

- a) Fajr
- b) Zuhr
- c) Asr
- d) Maghrib
- e) Isha

**Answer: d) Maghrib**

**How many units of prayer are in the Fajr prayer?**

- a) 1
- b) 2
- c) 3
- d) 4
- e) 5

**Answer: b) 2**

## **Lec 8 - ISLAMIC PRACTICES**

**Which of the following is not one of the five pillars of Islam?**

- a) Hajj
- b) Salah
- c) Zakat
- d) Sawm
- e) Jihad

**Answer: e) Jihad**

**What is the Islamic ritual prayer called?**

- a) Zakat
- b) Sawm
- c) Hajj
- d) Salah
- e) Shahada

**Answer: d) Salah**

**What is the name of the pilgrimage to Mecca that every able-bodied Muslim must perform at least once in their lifetime?**

- a) Sawm
- b) Zakat
- c) Jihad
- d) Salah
- e) Hajj

**Answer: e) Hajj**

**What is the name of the Islamic month of fasting?**

- a) Ramadan
- b) Shawwal

- c) Dhul-Hijjah
- d) Muharram
- e) Rajab

**Answer: a) Ramadan**

**What is the name of the declaration of faith that every Muslim must recite to become a Muslim?**

- a) Hajj
- b) Zakat
- c) Shahada
- d) Sawm
- e) Salah

**Answer: c) Shahada**

**What is the name of the charitable giving that every Muslim must give a percentage of their income to?**

- a) Hajj
- b) Zakat
- c) Sawm
- d) Jihad
- e) Salah

**Answer: b) Zakat**

**What is the name of the voluntary charity that Muslims can give in addition to Zakat?**

- a) Sadaqah
- b) Hajj
- c) Sawm
- d) Shahada
- e) Jihad

**Answer: a) Sadaqah**

**What is the name of the ritual purification that Muslims perform before Salah?**

- a) Sawm
- b) Hajj
- c) Zakat
- d) Wudu
- e) Shahada

**Answer: d) Wudu**

**Which of the following is not considered a major sin in Islam?**

- a) Murder
- b) Theft
- c) Adultery
- d) Backbiting
- e) Associating partners with Allah

**Answer: d) Backbiting**

**What is the name of the Islamic concept of struggle, which can refer to both physical and spiritual struggle?**

- a) Zakat
- b) Jihad
- c) Sawm
- d) Salah
- e) Shahada

**Answer: b) Jihad**



## Lec 10 - KNOWLEDGE AND ITS ISLAMIC CONCEPT

Which of the following is not considered as a source of knowledge in Islam?

- a) Reason and intellect
- b) Divine revelation
- c) Personal experience
- d) Superstition

Answer: d) Superstition

What is the first revealed word of the Quran?

- a) Alhamdulillah
- b) Bismillah
- c) Iqra
- d) Allah

Answer: c) Iqra

Which Islamic scholar is known for his work on logic and philosophy?

- a) Imam Bukhari
- b) Imam Ghazali
- c) Imam Malik
- d) Imam Shafi

Answer: b) Imam Ghazali

What is the meaning of the term 'ilm in Islam?

- a) Worship
- b) Knowledge
- c) Charity
- d) Forgiveness

Answer: b) Knowledge

Which of the following is not one of the branches of Islamic knowledge?

- a) Fiqh
- b) Hadith
- c) Aqeedah
- d) Sociology

Answer: d) Sociology

What is the meaning of the term 'tawheed' in Islam?

- a) The oneness of God
- b) The obligation to pray
- c) The importance of fasting
- d) The act of giving charity

Answer: a) The oneness of God

Which Islamic scholar is known for his commentary on the Quran?

- a) Imam Abu Hanifa
- b) Imam Malik
- c) Imam Nawawi
- d) Imam Ibn Kathir

Answer: d) Imam Ibn Kathir

What is the meaning of the term 'ijtihad' in Islam?

- a) The act of seeking knowledge
- b) The act of independent reasoning
- c) The act of giving charity
- d) The act of performing Hajj

Answer: b) The act of independent reasoning

Which of the following is not one of the pillars of Islam?

- a) Shahada
- b) Zakat
- c) Jihad
- d) Hajj

Answer: c) Jihad

What is the meaning of the term 'tafsir' in Islam?

- a) The act of performing prayer
- b) The act of giving charity
- c) The act of fasting
- d) The act of interpreting the Quran

Answer: d) The act of interpreting the Quran

## **Lec 11 - THE ISLAMIC SOCIAL SYSTEM**

**What is the foundation of the Islamic social system?**

- a) Equality and justice
- b) Hierarchy and power
- c) Discrimination and prejudice
- d) Corruption and oppression

**Answer: a) Equality and justice**

**What is the meaning of the term Ummah in Islamic social system?**

- a) A community of people sharing a common religion
- b) A group of people belonging to the same ethnicity
- c) A society divided by caste and class
- d) A collection of individuals with different beliefs and values

**Answer: a) A community of people sharing a common religion**

**What is the importance of family in the Islamic social system?**

- a) It is the basic unit of society and a source of stability
- b) It is a burden on society and should be abolished
- c) It is only relevant for the wealthy and powerful
- d) It is not considered important in the Islamic social system

**Answer: a) It is the basic unit of society and a source of stability**

**What is the role of zakat in the Islamic social system?**

- a) It is a form of charity to help the poor and needy
- b) It is a tax imposed on the wealthy to support the government
- c) It is a means of establishing a hierarchy in society
- d) It is not relevant in the Islamic social system

**Answer: a) It is a form of charity to help the poor and needy**

**What is the Islamic concept of brotherhood?**

- a) The belief that all Muslims are equal and should support each other
- b) The belief that only people from the same ethnicity should support each other
- c) The belief that only people from the same social class should support each other
- d) The belief that only people from the same gender should support each other

**Answer: a) The belief that all Muslims are equal and should support each other**

**What is the Islamic view on social justice?**

- a) It is essential for a just society and a fundamental principle of Islam
- b) It is not relevant in the Islamic social system
- c) It is only relevant for certain groups in society
- d) It is a Western concept that has no place in Islam

**Answer: a) It is essential for a just society and a fundamental principle of Islam**

**What is the Islamic concept of accountability?**

- a) Everyone is accountable for their actions in this life and the afterlife
- b) Only certain groups in society are accountable for their actions
- c) Accountability is not relevant in the Islamic social system
- d) Accountability is a Western concept that has no place in Islam

**Answer: a) Everyone is accountable for their actions in this life and the afterlife**

**What is the importance of justice in the Islamic social system?**

- a) It is essential for a just society and a fundamental principle of Islam
- b) It is not relevant in the Islamic social system
- c) Justice is only relevant for certain groups in society
- d) Justice is a Western concept that has no place in Islam

**Answer: a) It is essential for a just society and a fundamental principle of Islam**

**What is the Islamic concept of human dignity?**

- a) Every human being is entitled to dignity and respect regardless of their social status
- b) Human dignity is only relevant for certain groups in society
- c) Human dignity is not relevant in the Islamic social system
- d) Human dignity is a Western concept that has no place in Islam

**Answer: a) Every human being is entitled to dignity and respect regardless of their social status**

**What is the Islamic view on community service?**

- a) It is an essential part of the Islamic social system and a means of gaining blessings from God
- b) It is not relevant in the Islamic social system**

## **Lec 12 - THE MANNERS OF MEETING AND TALKING**

**Which of the following is not considered a good etiquette in Islamic manners of meeting and talking?**

- a) Smiling at the person you are talking to
- b) Maintaining eye contact with the person you are talking to
- c) Interrupting the person you are talking to
- d) Speaking politely and respectfully to the person you are talking to

**Answer: c) Interrupting the person you are talking to**

**Which of the following is a recommended action in Islamic manners of meeting and talking?**

- a) Speaking loudly and aggressively to make your point clear
- b) Avoiding physical contact with the person you are talking to
- c) Offering your seat to someone who is older or has more authority than you
- d) Ignoring the person you are talking to and checking your phone

**Answer: c) Offering your seat to someone who is older or has more authority than you**

**What should be the tone of the conversation according to Islamic manners of meeting and talking?**

- a) Condescending and superior
- b) Arrogant and boastful
- c) Humble and respectful
- d) Argumentative and confrontational

**Answer: c) Humble and respectful**

**Which of the following is not considered appropriate behavior in Islamic manners of meeting and talking?**

- a) Speaking with a clear and audible voice
- b) Fidgeting or looking around while someone is speaking to you
- c) Giving the person you are speaking to your full attention
- d) Rushing the conversation and not allowing the person to finish speaking

**Answer: d) Rushing the conversation and not allowing the person to finish speaking**

**According to Islamic manners of meeting and talking, what should you do if you accidentally offend someone with your words?**

- a) Blame the other person for being too sensitive
- b) Defend your words and refuse to apologize
- c) Apologize sincerely and ask for forgiveness
- d) Ignore the situation and move on

**Answer: c) Apologize sincerely and ask for forgiveness**

**Which of the following is not considered a good etiquette in Islamic manners of meeting and talking?**

- a) Using kind and pleasant words
- b) Addressing the person with a respectful title or name
- c) Listening attentively to the person you are talking to
- d) Engaging in gossip or backbiting about others

**Answer: d) Engaging in gossip or backbiting about others**

**According to Islamic manners of meeting and talking, what should you do if you arrive late for a meeting?**

- a) Apologize for being late and offer an explanation
- b) Blame the traffic or other external factors
- c) Ignore the fact that you are late and continue as usual
- d) Refuse to attend the meeting altogether

**Answer: a) Apologize for being late and offer an explanation**

**Which of the following is not considered appropriate behavior in Islamic manners of meeting and talking?**

- a) Offering greetings and pleasantries before getting down to business
- b) Using a calm and respectful tone of voice
- c) Insulting or belittling the person you are speaking to
- d) Maintaining proper body language, such as sitting up straight and facing the person



**Answer: c) Insulting or belittling the person you are speaking to**

**According to Islamic manners of meeting and talking, what should you do if you disagree with the person you are speaking to?**

- a) Interrupt them and argue your point forcefully
- b) Ignore their point of view and refuse to consider it
- c) Listen to their point of view and respond respectfully
- d) Walk away from the conversation altogether

**Answer: c) Listen to their point of view and respond respectfully**

## **Lec 13 - RESPECT OF PARENTS**

**What is the reward for respecting and obeying parents in Islam?**

- A) Forgiveness of sins
- B) Paradise
- C) Increase in wealth
- D) None of the above

**Answer: B) Paradise**

**Which Prophet emphasized the importance of respecting parents in the Quran?**

- A) Prophet Ibrahim (AS)
- B) Prophet Musa (AS)
- C) Prophet Isa (AS)
- D) Prophet Muhammad (SAW)

**Answer: A) Prophet Ibrahim (AS)**

**In Islam, what is the position of parents in terms of obedience and respect?**

- A) Second to Allah
- B) Third to Allah and the Prophet (SAW)
- C) Fourth to Allah, the Prophet (SAW), and the spouse
- D) None of the above

**Answer: A) Second to Allah**

**Is it permissible to disobey parents if they ask you to do something against Islam?**

- A) Yes, Islam takes precedence
- B) No, parents must always be obeyed
- C) Only if the command is a minor sin
- D) Only if it causes harm to oneself

**Answer: A) Yes, Islam takes precedence**

**Which Quranic verse emphasizes the importance of good treatment towards parents?**

- A) Surah Al-Baqarah, verse 153
- B) Surah Al-Isra, verse 23
- C) Surah Al-An'am, verse 151
- D) Surah Al-Ankabut, verse 8

**Answer: C) Surah Al-An'am, verse 151**

**What is the meaning of "birr al-walidayn" in Islam?**

- A) Good treatment towards parents
- B) Disrespect towards parents
- C) Treating one's siblings kindly
- D) Taking care of the environment

**Answer: A) Good treatment towards parents**

**According to Islamic teachings, what is the consequence of disrespecting parents?**

- A) Punishment in the grave
- B) Decrease in wealth
- C) Shortening of life span
- D) All of the above

**Answer: D) All of the above**

**In Islam, how should one speak to their parents?**

- A) With respect and kindness
- B) With anger and frustration
- C) With indifference
- D) None of the above

**Answer: A) With respect and kindness**

**Which of the following is not considered a form of disrespect towards parents in Islam?**

- A) Raising one's voice at them
- B) Failing to visit them
- C) Disobeying them in matters not related to Islam
- D) All of the above are considered disrespect

**Answer: C) Disobeying them in matters not related to Islam**

**What is the meaning of the term "Uquq" in Islamic jurisprudence?**

- A) Disrespect towards parents
- B) Being ungrateful towards parents
- C) Obedience towards parents
- D) None of the above

**Answer: A) Disrespect towards parents**

## **Lec 14 - BROTHERHOOD**

**In Islam, brotherhood is based on:**

- a) Race
- b) Wealth
- c) Nationality
- d) Faith

**Answer: d) Faith**

**Which verse of the Quran mentions brotherhood?**

- a) Surah Al-Baqarah, verse 264
- b) Surah Al-Anfal, verse 33
- c) Surah Al-Hujurat, verse 10
- d) Surah Al-Imran, verse 139

**Answer: c) Surah Al-Hujurat, verse 10**

**What is the meaning of the Arabic word 'khutbah'?**

- a) Brotherhood
- b) Equality
- c) Justice
- d) Freedom

**Answer: a) Brotherhood**

**According to Islamic teachings, brotherhood should be based on:**

- a) Race
- b) Nationality
- c) Wealth
- d) Faith

**Answer: d) Faith**

**The Prophet Muhammad (peace be upon him) said that a Muslim is a brother to another Muslim in all of the following except:**

- a) Love
- b) Kindness
- c) Mercy
- d) Hatred

**Answer: d) Hatred**

**What is the importance of brotherhood in Islam?**

- a) It promotes unity and equality among believers
- b) It leads to the formation of exclusive groups
- c) It causes division and conflict among believers
- d) It is not important in Islam

**Answer: a) It promotes unity and equality among believers**

**Which Prophet of Allah had a strong bond of brotherhood with another Prophet?**

- a) Prophet Muhammad (peace be upon him) and Prophet Isa (Jesus)
- b) Prophet Musa (Moses) and Prophet Ibrahim (Abraham)
- c) Prophet Yusuf (Joseph) and Prophet Dawud (David)
- d) Prophet Adam and Prophet Nuh (Noah)

**Answer: a) Prophet Muhammad (peace be upon him) and Prophet Isa (Jesus)**

**How can Muslims strengthen the bond of brotherhood among themselves?**

- a) By avoiding each other
- b) By focusing on their differences
- c) By engaging in gossip and backbiting
- d) By helping and supporting each other

**Answer: d) By helping and supporting each other**

**According to Islamic teachings, brotherhood extends to:**

- a) All Muslims
- b) Only blood relatives
- c) Only people from the same country
- d) Only people from the same race

**Answer: a) All Muslims**

**Which Islamic concept is closely related to brotherhood?**

- a) Tawheed
- b) Zakat
- c) Jihad
- d) Adab

**Answer: d) Adab (manners and etiquette)**

## **Lec 15 - HONESTY AND OBLIGATION**

**According to Islamic teachings, what is the significance of honesty?**

- A) It is a minor sin
- B) It is a major sin
- C) It is not mentioned in Islamic teachings
- D) It is only important in business transactions

**Answer: B**

**Which of the following is not an aspect of honesty in Islam?**

- A) Honesty in speech
- B) Honesty in actions
- C) Honesty in intentions
- D) Honesty in dress

**Answer: D**

**What is the penalty for stealing in Islam?**

- A) Imprisonment
- B) Fines
- C) Community service
- D) Cutting off the thief's hand

**Answer: D**

**What is the concept of amanah in Islam?**

- A) Honesty in business transactions
- B) Trustworthiness and responsibility
- C) Honesty in speech
- D) Generosity and giving to the poor

**Answer: B**



**Which of the following is not an example of honesty in actions?**

- A) Returning lost property to its owner
- B) Cheating on a test
- C) Keeping promises and commitments
- D) Giving back extra change to a cashier

**Answer: B**

**Which Prophet is known as "al-Sadiq" in Islamic tradition?**

- A) Prophet Adam (AS)
- B) Prophet Ibrahim (AS)
- C) Prophet Isa (AS)
- D) Prophet Muhammad (SAW)

**Answer: D**

**Which Islamic principle encourages Muslims to fulfill their obligations and responsibilities?**

- A) Taqwa
- B) Tawakkul
- C) Adl
- D) Ihsan

**Answer: C**

**Which of the following is not considered a form of obligation in Islam?**

- A) Paying Zakat
- B) Fasting during Ramadan
- C) Performing Hajj every year
- D) Performing Salah (prayer) five times a day

**Answer: C**

**What is the concept of "amanah" in Islam?**

- A) Betraying someone's trust
- B) Fulfilling one's responsibilities and obligations
- C) Cheating in business transactions
- D) None of the above

**Answer: B**

**Which of the following is not an example of fulfilling an obligation in Islam?**

- A) Praying five times a day
- B) Giving charity to the poor
- C) Stealing from others
- D) Fasting during the month of Ramadan

**Answer: C**

## **Lec 17 - FORGIVENESS**

**According to Islamic teachings, forgiveness is:**

- a) A sign of weakness
- b) A means of seeking revenge
- c) A noble trait
- d) None of the above

**Answer: c) A noble trait**

**The Arabic word for forgiveness is:**

- a) **Jannah**
- b) Tawbah
- c) Istighfar
- d) Maghfirah

**Answer: c) A noble trait** The Arabic word for forgiveness is: a) Jannah  
answer: c) A noble trait  
The Arabic word for forgiveness is: a) Jannah

- a) The most forgiving
- b) The most vengeful
- c) The most strict
- d) The most merciful

**Answer: d) The most merciful**

**Forgiveness is mentioned frequently in which chapter of the Quran?**

- a) Surah Al-Fatihah
- b) Surah Al-Baqarah
- c) Surah Al-Ma'idah
- d) Surah Al-Asr

**Answer: c) Surah Al-Ma'idah**

**What is the reward for forgiving someone who wronged you?**

- a) Nothing
- b) Punishment
- c) A place in Paradise
- d) None of the above

**Answer: c) A place in Paradise**

**Forgiveness is a form of:**

- a) Worship
- b) Charity
- c) Both a and b
- d) None of the above

**Answer: c) Both a and b**

**Which prophet is known for his forgiveness?**

- a) Prophet Ibrahim
- b) Prophet Musa
- c) Prophet Isa
- d) Prophet Muhammad

**Answer: d) Prophet Muhammad**

**Forgiveness is required in Islam for:**

- a) Minor sins only
- b) Major sins only
- c) Both minor and major sins
- d) None of the above

**Answer: c) Both minor and major sins** Which verse of the Quran encourages forgiveness?

- a) Surah Al-Fatihah, Verse 1

- b) Surah Al-Baqarah, Verse 2
- c) Surah Al-Imran, Verse 133
- d) Surah Al-An'am, Verse 142

**Answer: c) Surah Al-Imran, Verse 133**

**In Islam, forgiveness should be given:**

- a) Only when the wrongdoer asks for it
- b) Only when the wrong is minor
- c) In all situations, whether the wrongdoer asks for it or not
- d) None of the above

**Answer: c) In all situations, whether the wrongdoer asks for it or not**

