CS410 Visual Programming

Important mcqs

Lec 1 - Windows Programming

1. What is the primary programming language used for Windows Programming?
a) Java
b) C++
c) Python
d) Ruby
Solution: b) C++
2. Which API is commonly used for Windows Programming to access system resources?
a) DirectX
b) WinAPI
c) OpenGL
d) POSIX
Solution: b) WinAPI
3. Which programming framework is often used for Windows desktop applications?
a) .NET Core
b) MFC (Microsoft Foundation Classes)
c) Node.js
d) Django
Solution: b) MFC (Microsoft Foundation Classes)

4. What is the extension for Windows executable files?

a) .exe	
b) .dll	
c) .txt	
d) .bat	
Solution: a) .exe	
5. Which programming	g language is commonly used for Universal Windows Platform (UWP) apps?
a) Swift	
b) Java	
c) C#	
d) Ruby	
Solution: c) C#	
6. Which Windows Pro	gramming component is used for creating graphical user interfaces (GUI)?
a) DirectX	
b) WinForms	
c) Windows Forms	
d) Win32	
Solution: c) Windows	Forms
7. Which Windows ver	sion introduced the Windows Presentation Foundation (WPF) framework?
a) Windows XP	
b) Windows 7	
c) Windows 8	
d) Windows Vista	
Solution: d) Windows	S Vista
8. Which tool is commo	only used for debugging Windows applications?
a) Visual Studio Debu	gger

- b) Eclipse Debugger
- c) GDB (GNU Debugger)
- d) Xcode Debugger

Solution: a) Visual Studio Debugger

- 9. Which Windows Programming approach allows communication between processes running on different machines?
 - a) IPC (Inter-Process Communication)
 - b) RPC (Remote Procedure Call)
 - c) AJAX (Asynchronous JavaScript and XML)
 - d) REST (Representational State Transfer)

Solution: b) **RPC** (Remote Procedure Call)

- 10. Which Windows component is used for handling events and messages in GUI applications?
 - a) Message Loop
 - b) Event Loop
 - c) Control Loop
 - d) Polling Loop

Solution: a) Message Loop

Lec 2 - Basic C Language Concepts

1. Question: Which keyword is used to define a constant in C?

- a) const
- b) constant
- c) #define
- d) final

Solution: a) const

2. Question: What is the correct syntax to declare a variable in C?

- a) variableName;
- b) int variableName;
- c) variableName = value;
- d) int variableName = value;

Solution: b) int variableName;

3. Question: What is the purpose of the "printf" function in C?

- a) To read user input
- b) To display output on the screen
- c) To perform mathematical operations
- d) To initialize a variable

Solution: b) To display output on the screen

4. Question: What does the "sizeof" operator return in C?

- a) The size of a variable in bytes
- b) The value of a variable
- c) The data type of a variable
- d) The address of a variable

Solution: a) The size of a variable in bytes

5. Question: How do you declare a pointer variable in C?
a) pointerType variableName;
b) int* variableName;
c) int variableName*;
d) *int variableName;
Solution: b) int* variableName;
6. Question: What is the purpose of the "scanf" function in C?
a) To display output on the screen
b) To read user input
c) To perform mathematical operations
d) To initialize a variable
Solution: b) To read user input
7. Question: Which loop is used to execute a block of code repeatedly as long as the condition is true?
a) for loop
b) while loop
c) do-while loop
d) switch loop
Solution: b) while loop
8. Question: What is the output of the following code snippet?
a) 15
b) 10
c) 5
d) Error
Solution: a) 15

9. Question: What is the correct syntax for the ternary operator in C?

- a) x ? y : z;
- b) x : y ? z;
- c) x ? y : : z;
- d): x?yz;

Solution: a) x ? y : z;

10. Question: What does the "return" statement do in a function in C?

- a) It declares a variable.
- b) It ends the function's execution.
- c) It performs a conditional check.
- d) It initializes a variable.

Solution: b) It ends the function's execution.

Lec 3 - Arrays and Pointers

1. Question: In C, how do you declare an integer array named "numbers" with 5 elements?
a) array numbers[5];
b) int numbers[5];
c) int[] numbers = {5};
d) int numbers(5);
Solution: b) int numbers[5];
2. Question: What is the value of the expression "size of (numbers)" in C , where "numbers" is an integer array with 10 elements?
a) 10
b) 40
c) 4
d) 14
Solution: b) 40
3. Question: In C, how do you access the third element of an array named "data"?
a) data(3);
b) data[3];
c) data{3};
d) data.3;
Solution: b) data[3];
4. Question: What is the correct way to pass an array "arr" to a function in C?
a) function(arr);
b) function(arr[]);
c) function(&arr);
d) function(*arr);
Solution: b) function(arr[]);

5. Question: What is a pointer in C?	
a) A variable that stores multiple values	
b) A variable that stores the address of another variable	
c) An array that points to another array	
d) A function that points to another function	
Solution: b) A variable that stores the address of another variable	
6. Question: What does the "*" symbol represent when used with a pointer variab	ole in C?
a) Multiplication	
b) Exponentiation	
c) Address of a variable	
d) Dereferencing the pointer	
Solution: d) Dereferencing the pointer	
7. Question: How do you declare a pointer variable named "ptr" that points to an	integer in C?
a) int* ptr;	
b) ptr* int;	
c) pointer ptr = int;	
d) ptr = int*;	

a) 10

- b) The address of "num"
- c) The address of "ptr"
- d) Garbage value

Solution: b) The address of "num"

- 9. Question: What happens when you increment a pointer in C using "ptr++"?
 - a) The pointer points to the previous element.
 - b) The pointer points to the next element.
 - c) The pointer becomes NULL.
 - d) The pointer points to the first element.

Solution: b) The pointer points to the next element.

- 10. Question: How do you dynamically allocate memory for an integer array "arr" of size 5 in C?
 - a) int arr[5];
 - b) int arr = (int*)malloc(5);
 - c) int* arr = new int[5];
 - d) int* arr = (int*)malloc(5 * sizeof(int));

Solution: d) int* arr = (int*)malloc(5 * sizeof(int));

Lec 4 - Structures and Unions

1. What is a structure in C/C++?

- a) A set of related functions
- b) A collection of variables of different data types
- c) A control flow statement
- d) A loop construct

Solution: b) A collection of variables of different data types

2. How do you access a member inside a structure in C/C++?

- a) Using the dot (.) operator
- b) Using the arrow (->) operator
- c) Using the at (@) symbol
- d) Using the pound (#) symbol

Solution: a) Using the dot (.) operator

3. What is the size of an empty structure in C/C++?

- a) 0 bytes
- b) 1 byte
- c) 4 bytes
- d) Depends on the architecture of the machine

Solution: b) 1 byte

4. What is the purpose of unions in C/C++?

- a) To define custom data types
- b) To group related variables
- c) To save memory by sharing memory among variables
- d) To implement conditional statements

Solution: c) To save memory by sharing memory among variables

5. Which operator is used to access a member inside a union in C/C++? a) Dot (.) operator b) Arrow (->) operator c) Colon (:) operator d) Double-colon (::) operator Solution: a) Dot (.) operator 6. What happens if you modify one member of a union and then access another member? a) It is not allowed to modify union members individually b) The other member retains its old value c) It results in an error d) The behavior is undefined **Solution: d) The behavior is undefined** 7. Which statement is true about the alignment of structure members? a) All members are aligned at even memory addresses b) The alignment depends on the order of declaration c) The alignment is automatic and doesn't follow any rule d) The alignment depends on the data type of the members Solution: d) The alignment depends on the data type of the members 8. What is the keyword used to define a union in C/C++? a) class b) structure

c) union

d) typedef

Solution: c) union

9. Can a structure have another structure as its member in C/C++?

- a) Yes, but only one level deep
- b) No, structures cannot have other structures as members
- c) Yes, there is no such limitation
- d) Only if the structure is empty

Solution: c) Yes, there is no such limitation

10. What is the primary difference between a structure and a union in C/C++?

- a) A structure can hold variables of different data types, but a union cannot.
- b) A union can hold variables of different data types, but a structure cannot.
- c) A structure and a union are the same; there is no difference.
- d) The primary difference depends on the programming language being used.

Solution: a) A structure can hold variables of different data types, but a union cannot.

Lec 5 - Preprocessor Directives

Question 1:

Which preprocessor directive is used to include a file in the C/C++ progr

- A) #include
- B) #define
- C) #ifdef
- D) #ifndef

Solution: A) #include

Question 2:

What is the purpose of the #ifdef directive in C/C++?

- A) It checks if a macro is defined.
- B) It includes a header file in the program.
- C) It defines a new macro.
- D) It checks if a macro is not defined.

Solution: A) It checks if a macro is defined.

Question 3:

Which preprocessor directive is used to define a macro in C/C++?

- A) #ifdef
- B) #ifndef
- C) #define
- D) #include

Solution: C) #define

Question 4:

What does the #ifndef directive do in C/C++?

A) Checks if a macro is defined.

B) Checks if a macro is not defined. C) Includes a header file in the program. D) Defines a new macro. Solution: B) Checks if a macro is not defined. **Question 5:** Which directive is used to concatenate two tokens in C/C++? A) #define B) #ifdef C) ## D) #pragma Solution: C) ## **Question 6:** What is the purpose of the #pragma directive in C/C++? A) To include a header file in the program. B) To define a new macro. C) To check if a macro is defined. D) To provide compiler-specific instructions. Solution: D) To provide compiler-specific instructions. **Question 7:** Which directive is used to undefine a previously defined macro in C/C++? A) #undef B) #pragma C) #ifdef D) #ifndef Solution: A) #undef

Question 8:
What does the #error directive do in C/C++?
A) Includes a header file in the program.
B) Prints an error message during compilation.
C) Checks if a macro is defined.
D) Undefines a previously defined macro.
Solution: B) Prints an error message during compilation.
Question 9:
Which directive is used to include a file only if a certain condition is true in C/C++?
A) #define
B) #error
C) #ifdef
D) #if
Solution: D) #if
Question 10:
What does the #pragma once directive do in C/C++?
A) Includes a header file in the program.

B) Defines a new macro.

C) Prevents multiple inclusions of the same header file.

Solution: C) Prevents multiple inclusions of the same header file.

D) Undefines a previously defined macro.

Lec 6 - Bitwise Operators and Macros

a) 11

b) 12

1. Which bitwise operator in C sets a bit at a specific position?
a) &
b)
c) ^
d) <<
Solution: d) <<
2. What does the bitwise AND operator (&) do when applied to two integers?
a) Returns the minimum value
b) Returns the maximum value
c) Performs a bitwise OR operation
d) Performs a bitwise AND operation
Solution: d) Performs a bitwise AND operation
Solution. u) I criorins a bitwise AND operation
3. Which bitwise operator is used to toggle a specific bit in a number?
a) &
b)
c) ^
d) <<
Solution: c) ^
4. What will be the result of the expression 12 9 in binary?

c) 9
d) 13
Solution: d) 13
5. Which bitwise operator is used to check if a specific bit is set in a number?
a) &
b)
c) ^
d) <<
Solution: a) &
6. What is the result of the expression $5 \ll 2$?
a) 10
b) 20
c) 15
d) 25
Solution: b) 20
7. What will be the value of x after the operation: $x = (1 << 3)$?
a) 0
b) 1
c) 8
d) 16
Solution: c) 8

8. What does the #define directive do in C?

- a) Defines a new function
- b) Declares a variable
- c) Defines a new data type
- d) Defines a macro

Solution: d) Defines a macro

9. What is the purpose of the #ifdef preprocessor directive?

- a) To check if a function is defined
- b) To include a header file
- c) To define a new macro
- d) To conditionally compile code

Solution: d) To conditionally compile code

10. How can you unset a specific bit in an integer variable 'num' using a macro?

- a) #define UNSET_BIT(num, bit) num |= (1 << bit)
- b) #define UNSET_BIT(num, bit) num &= ~(1 << bit)
- c) #define UNSET_BIT(num, bit) num ^= (1 << bit)
- d) #define UNSET_BIT(num, bit) num = (1 << bit)

Solution: b) #define UNSET BIT(num, bit) num &= \sim (1 << bit)

Lec 7 - Calling Conventions, Storage Classes and Variable Scope **Question 1:** What is a "calling convention" in computer programming? A) A set of rules for naming variables within a function. B) A set of rules for calling functions from different programming languages. C) A set of rules that govern how functions pass arguments and return values. D) A set of rules for defining functions in object-oriented programming. **Solution:** C **Question 2:** Which storage class has a global scope and retains its value across function calls? A) auto B) extern C) static D) register **Solution:** B **Question 3:** What is the default storage class for local variables in most programming languages? A) auto B) static C) register D) extern

Solution: A
Question 4:
Which storage class is used to define local variables with a lifetime that extends throughout the program's execution?
A) static
B) auto
C) extern
D) register
Solution: A
Question 5:
In C/C++, what keyword is used to declare a function with a variable number of arguments?
A) varargs
B) vararg
C) stdarg
D) ellipsis
Solution: D
Question 6:
In the context of function calling conventions, what does "caller-saved" refer to?
A) The caller function is responsible for saving and restoring the registers used by the called function
B) The caller function is responsible for saving and restoring the stack space used by the called

function.

C) The caller function is responsible for saving and restoring its own local variables during the call.
D) The caller function is responsible for saving and restoring the called function's local variables during the call.
Solution: A
Question 7:
What is the purpose of the "register" storage class?
A) It requests the compiler to allocate a register for the variable for faster access.
B) It indicates that the variable's value is stored in a hardware register.
C) It specifies that the variable can only be used within a specific function.
D) It requests the compiler to optimize the variable for space efficiency.
Solution: A
Question 8:
Which storage class is commonly used to share variables among multiple source files in C/C++?
A) static
B) extern
C) register
D) const
Solution: B
Question 9:
What happens to a variable declared with the "static" storage class inside a function?

- A) The variable becomes a global variable.
- B) The variable retains its value across function calls.
- C) The variable is only accessible within the function where it is declared.
- D) The variable is automatically initialized to zero.

Solution: B

Question 10:

In C/C++, what is the significance of the "const" storage class for variables?

- A) It ensures that the variable's value cannot be modified after initialization.
- B) It allows the variable to be accessed from any function in the program.
- C) It instructs the compiler to allocate the variable in read-only memory.
- D) It specifies that the variable's value cannot be optimized by the compiler.

Solution: A

Lec 8 - Windows Basics

Question 1:
Which operating system is developed by Microsoft and widely used in personal computers?
A) macOS
B) Linux
C) Windows
D) Android
Solution: C
Question 2:
What is the main purpose of the Start menu in Windows?
A) To shut down the computer.
B) To browse the internet.
C) To access various features and installed programs.
D) To customize the desktop wallpaper.
Solution: C
Question 3:
What does the Taskbar in Windows allow you to do?
A) Access Control Panel settings.
B) Manage installed applications.
C) View and switch between open programs.
D) Search for files on the computer.

Solution: C
$**Question \ 4:** \\$ Which Windows feature allows you to run multiple applications simultaneously on the screen?
A) Start menu
B) Taskbar
C) Multitasking
D) Control Panel
Solution: C
Question 5:
What is the purpose of the system tray (notification area) in Windows?
A) Display the date and time.
B) Launch installed applications.
C) Manage user accounts.
D) Show notifications and provide quick access to system functions.
Solution: D
Question 6:
Which utility in Windows allows you to uninstall software applications?
A) Control Panel
B) Task Manager

C) Command Prompt

D) System Configuration
Solution: A
Question 7:
What is the default web browser in Windows?
A) Safari
B) Edge
C) Firefox
D) Chrome
Solution: B
Question 8:
What does the "Recycle Bin" in Windows do?
A) Stores temporary files.
B) Holds deleted files until permanently removed.
C) Keeps track of recently accessed documents.
D) Organizes files into categories.
Solution: B
Question 9:
Which Windows utility is used to check for and install updates to the operating system?
A) Control Panel
B) Task Manager

C) Windows Update D) Disk Cleanup **Solution:** C **Question 10:** How can you access the Control Panel in Windows? A) Right-click on the desktop and select "Control Panel." B) Click on the Start menu and search for "Control Panel." C) Press the Windows key + R and type "control." D) All of the above. **Solution:** D

Lec 9 - Windows Creation and Message Handling

1. Wha	t is a	window	in the	context	of grai	phical	user	interfaces	;?
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- a) A type of mouse pointer
- b) A borderless frame
- c) A region on the screen that displays content and can interact with the user
- d) A computer peripheral

Solution: c) A region on the screen that displays content and can interact with the user

2. Which API is commonly used to create windows in Windows OS?

- a) JVM
- b) OpenGL
- c) DirectX
- d) WinAPI

Solution: d) WinAPI

3. What is the primary function of the Window Procedure in Windows programming?

- a) To create a new window
- b) To handle messages and events for a window
- c) To manage the position of the window on the screen
- d) To close an existing window

Solution: b) To handle messages and events for a window

4. Which message is sent to a window when the user clicks a mouse button?

- a) WM_PAINT
- b) WM_LBUTTONDOWN

- c) WM_CLOSE
- d) WM_KEYDOWN

Solution: b) WM_LBUTTONDOWN

5. What is the role of the WM_PAINT message in Windows message handling?

- a) It requests the window to be repainted.
- b) It closes the window.
- c) It resizes the window.
- d) It moves the window to a new position.

Solution: a) It requests the window to be repainted.

6. The WM_CLOSE message is generated when:

- a) The window is minimized.
- b) The window is closed by the user or system.
- c) The window is moved.
- d) The window is resized.

Solution: b) The window is closed by the user or system.

7. Which message is sent to a window when the user presses a key on the keyboard?

- a) WM_MOUSEMOVE
- b) WM_KEYUP
- c) WM_CHAR
- d) WM_SIZE

Solution: c) WM_CHAR

8. Which Windows function is used to create a new window?
a) CreateWindowEx
b) DrawWindow
c) NewWindow
d) OpenWindow
Solution: a) CreateWindowEx
9. What is the purpose of the LPARAM and WPARAM parameters in the Window Procedure?
a) They hold the window's position and size information.
b) They hold the message-specific information and additional data.
c) They are used to set the window's title.
d) They are used to close the window.
Solution: b) They hold the message-specific information and additional data.
10. When handling a message in the Window Procedure, what should be returned after processing the message?
a) The window handle (HWND)
b) The wParam parameter
c) The message itself
d) 0 (zero)
Solution: d) 0 (zero)

Lec 10 - Architecture of Standard Win32 Application

1. Question: What is the main entry point for a Win32 application?

a) Main()
b) WinMain()
c) ApplicationMain()
d) Entry()
Solution: b) WinMain()
2. Question: Which library is commonly used for Win32 application development?
a) JavaFX
b) Qt
c) WinAPI
d) GTK
Solution: c) WinAPI
Solution: c) WinAPI
Solution: c) WinAPI 3. Question: The WinMain function receives command line arguments in the form of: a) An array of integers
3. Question: The WinMain function receives command line arguments in the form of:
3. Question: The WinMain function receives command line arguments in the form of: a) An array of integers
3. Question: The WinMain function receives command line arguments in the form of: a) An array of integers b) A null-terminated string
3. Question: The WinMain function receives command line arguments in the form of: a) An array of integers b) A null-terminated string c) An array of characters
3. Question: The WinMain function receives command line arguments in the form of: a) An array of integers b) A null-terminated string c) An array of characters
3. Question: The WinMain function receives command line arguments in the form of: a) An array of integers b) A null-terminated string c) An array of characters d) A pointer to a structure
3. Question: The WinMain function receives command line arguments in the form of: a) An array of integers b) A null-terminated string c) An array of characters d) A pointer to a structure

b) Process messages sent to the application

c) Handle exceptions and errors d) Allocate memory for window objects Solution: b) Process messages sent to the application 5. Question: How is the message loop typically implemented in a Win32 application? a) using a recursive function b) using a while loop c) using a for loop d) using a switch-case statement Solution: b) using a while loop 6. Question: Which message is commonly used for handling window creation in the Window **Procedure?** a) WM PAINT b) WM_CREATE c) WM_DESTROY d) WM_CLOSE Solution: b) WM_CREATE 7. Question: The function used to create a new window in a Win32 application is: a) CreateWindow b) CreateWindowEx c) NewWindow d) OpenWindow

Solution: b) CreateWindowEx

8. Question: The window class styles are specified during:
a) Window creation
b) Message loop processing
c) Window destruction
d) Message handling
Solution: a) Window creation
9. Question: How does the application receive messages from the operating system?
a) Through function callbacks
b) Through interrupt requests
c) Through polling the message queue
d) Through direct memory access
Solution: c) Through polling the message queue
10. Question: Which function is used to release the resources associated with a window?
a) UnregisterClass
b) DestroyWindow
c) CloseWindow
d) DisposeWindow

Solution: b) DestroyWindow

Lec 11 - User Interfaces

1. Question: What does UI stand for in software development?
a) User Interface
b) User Interaction
c) User Integration
d) Universal Integration
Solution: a) User Interface
2. Question: Which UI component is used to receive text input from the user?
a) Label
b) Button
c) Textbox
d) Checkbox
Solution: c) Textbox
3. Question: What is the primary purpose of a dropdown menu in a UI?
a) Display images
b) Display information
c) Show notifications
d) Provide a list of options
Solution: d) Provide a list of options
4. Question: Which UI element typically represents an action that users can trigger?
a) Label
b) Checkbox

c) Button d) Radio button **Solution: c) Button** 5. Question: What is the function of a progress bar in a UI? a) Display loading images b) Show the progress of an ongoing task c) Indicate errors d) Play multimedia content Solution: b) Show the progress of an ongoing task 6. Question: Which UI component is used to display messages or information to users? a) Checkbox b) Label c) Textbox d) Dropdown menu **Solution: b) Label** 7. Question: What is the primary role of a tooltip in a UI? a) Provide navigation options b) Display additional information on hover c) Trigger background processes d) Play audio feedback

Solution: b) Display additional information on hover

8. Question: Which UI component allows users to select multiple items from a list?
a) Radio button
b) Checkbox
c) Textbox
d) Dropdown menu
Solution: b) Checkbox
9. Question: What is the purpose of validation in UI design?
a) Enhance the visual appeal
b) Improve performance
c) Ensure data accuracy and integrity
d) Enable voice commands
Solution: c) Ensure data accuracy and integrity
10. Question: Which UI design principle focuses on arranging elements based on their importance or sequence?
a) Alignment
b) Proximity
c) Hierarchy
d) Contrast
Solution: c) Hierarchy

Lec 12 - Window Classes

1. What is a window class in graphical user interface programming?

- a) A specific type of window used for complex animations.
- b) A set of predefined windows provided by the operating system.
- c) A template that defines the structure and behavior of windows.
- d) A unique identifier assigned to each window in an application.

Solution: c) A template that defines the structure and behavior of windows.

2. Which function is used to register a window class in Windows API?

- a) CreateWindowEx()
- b) RegisterWindowClass()
- c) CreateWindowClass()
- d) RegisterClass()

Solution: d) RegisterClass()

3. What is the purpose of the window procedure in a window class?

- a) To register the window class with the operating system.
- b) To handle messages and events for the window.
- c) To create child windows within the main window.
- d) To set the initial style and attributes of the window.

Solution: b) To handle messages and events for the window.

4. How are window classes identified in an application?

- a) By a unique name string.
- b) By a numeric identifier assigned at runtime.

- c) By their position on the screen.
- d) By the color of the window's title bar.

Solution: a) By a unique name string.

5. What is the purpose of the "hInstance" parameter in the RegisterClass function?

- a) To specify the window's width and height.
- b) To pass a handle to the application's instance.
- c) To set the window's background color.
- d) To enable mouse interactions for the window.

Solution: b) To pass a handle to the application's instance.

6. How does a window procedure process messages in Windows API?

- a) By writing messages to a log file.
- b) By using a message queue for incoming messages.
- c) By displaying messages in a pop-up dialog.
- d) By forwarding messages to other windows.

Solution: b) By using a message queue for incoming messages.

7. What happens if a window class is unregistered before creating windows?

- a) Windows created with that class will become invisible.
- b) The application will crash when trying to create a window.
- c) The window class can never be registered again.
- d) Existing windows of that class will still be usable.

Solution: b) The application will crash when trying to create a window.

8. How can you change the style of a window after it has been created using a window class?

- a) By directly modifying the window's structure.
- b) By re-registering the window class with a new style.
- c) By using the SetWindowStyle function.
- d) By destroying the window and creating a new one.

Solution: d) By destroying the window and creating a new one.

9. How does a window procedure handle the WM_DESTROY message?

- a) By creating a new window in its place.
- b) By freeing resources and cleaning up the window.
- c) By resizing the window to its default size.
- d) By changing the window's title text.

Solution: b) By freeing resources and cleaning up the window.

10. What is the purpose of the "lpParam" parameter in the CreateWindowEx function?

- a) To pass user-defined data to the window procedure.
- b) To specify the window's position on the screen.
- c) To set the initial width and height of the window.
- d) To enable or disable specific window features.

Solution: a) To pass user-defined data to the window procedure.

Lec 15 - Graphics Device Interface
1. What does GDI stand for in computer graphics?
a) Graphics Design Interface
b) Graphics Display Interface
c) Graphical Device Interface
d) Graphical Display Interface
Solution: c) Graphical Device Interface
2. Which Windows API provides functions for 2D drawing and font rendering?
a) GDI
b) GUI
c) API
d) DirectX
Solution: a) GDI
3. Which GDI function is used to draw lines on the screen?
a) DrawLine()
b) LineTo()
c) DrawPath()
d) DrawSegment()

4. What is the purpose of the SelectObject function in GDI?

a) To select a font for drawing text.

Solution: b) LineTo()

b) To select a color for filling shapes.

c) To select a pen or brush for drawing operations. d) To select a file for image loading. Solution: c) To select a pen or brush for drawing operations. 5. Which GDI function is used to draw text on the screen? a) DrawText() b) TextOut() c) WriteText() d) PrintText() **Solution:** b) **TextOut()** 6. Which GDI object is used to store graphical images? a) Pen b) Brush c) Bitmap d) Font Solution: c) Bitmap 7. What is the purpose of the StretchBlt function in GDI? a) To draw a filled rectangle. b) To resize an image. c) To draw an elliptical shape. d) To draw text in bold format. Solution: b) To resize an image.

8. Which GDI function is used to create a custom color brush?
a) CreateSolidBrush()
b) CreatePatternBrush()
c) CreateColorBrush()
d) CreateCustomBrush()
Solution: a) CreateSolidBrush()
9. How is transparency achieved in GDI?
a) By using the SetTransparent function.
b) By selecting a transparent color.
c) GDI does not support transparency.
d) By using the SetLayeredWindowAttributes function.
Solution: d) By using the SetLayeredWindowAttributes function.
10. Which GDI function is used to draw an arc?
a) DrawArc()
b) ArcTo()
c) Arc()
d) ArcSegment()
Solution: c) Arc()

Lec 14 - Painting and Drawing

. Which art form involves creating visual representations using brushes and pigments on can	vas?
a) Painting	
b) Drawing	
c) Sculpture	
d) Pottery	
Solution: a) Painting	
2. What is the primary medium used in drawing?	
a) Charcoal	
b) Oil paint	
c) Watercolor	
d) Acrylic paint	
Solution: a) Charcoal	
3. Which art form typically uses pencils, ink, or charcoal on paper?	
a) Painting	
b) Drawing	
c) Sculpture	
d) Photography	
Solution: b) Drawing	
I. What is the primary tool used in painting?	
a) Pencil	
b) Brush	

c) Chisel
d) Sculpting tool
Solution: b) Brush
5. Which art form involves shaping and manipulating materials like clay or stone?
a) Painting
b) Drawing
c) Sculpture
d) Photography
Solution: c) Sculpture
6. Which medium is known for its quick-drying properties and versatility in painting?
a) Oil paint
b) Watercolor
c) Acrylic paint
d) Ink
Solution: c) Acrylic paint
7. What is the technique of shading in drawing called, where darker areas are represented by closely spaced lines?
a) Hatching
b) Stippling
c) Blending
d) Cross-hatching
Solution: a) Hatching

8. What is the process of adding water to watercolor paint to achieve lighter tones?
a) Diluting
b) Mixing
c) Blending
d) Wash
Solution: a) Diluting
9. Which art form involves capturing images using a camera or other photographic equipment?
a) Painting
b) Drawing
c) Sculpture
d) Photography
Solution: d) Photography
10. Which medium provides a unique texture and effect when applied to a painting surface?
a) Watercolor
b) Oil paint
c) Pastels
d) Acrylic paint
Solution: c) Pastels

Lec 15 - Windows Management **Question 1:** Which Windows tool is used to view and manage running processes? A) System Monitor B) Task Manager C) Event Viewer D) Registry Editor **Solution:** B) Task Manager **Question 2:** Which Windows feature is used for organizing files and folders in a hierarchical structure? A) Taskbar B) Start Menu C) File Explorer D) Control Panel **Solution:** C) File Explorer

Which Windows utility is used to schedule automatic maintenance tasks such as software updates and disk optimization?

A) System Restore

Question 3:

B) Windows Defender

C) Action Center
D) Task Scheduler
Solution:
D) Task Scheduler
Question 4:
Which Windows component is responsible for managing hardware and software settings, user accounts, and system security?
A) Device Manager
B) Control Panel
C) Registry Editor
D) Security Center
Solution:
C) Registry Editor
Question 5:
Which Windows tool provides a real-time graphical representation of system performance and resource usage?
A) Performance Monitor
B) Resource Monitor
C) Task Manager
D) Disk Cleanup
Solution:
B) Resource Monitor

Which Windows feature allows multiple users to work on the same computer while keeping their settings and data separate?
A) User Account Control (UAC)
B) Guest Account
C) Fast User Switching
D) System Restore
Solution:
C) Fast User Switching
Question 7:
Which Windows utility is used to create and manage network connections, including Wi-Fi and Ethernet?
A) Network and Sharing Center
B) Device Manager
C) Task Manager
D) Windows Firewall
Solution:
A) Network and Sharing Center
Question 8:
Which Windows tool provides a central location for configuring and customizing various system settings?
A) Control Danal
A) Control Panel B) Task Manager
D) Lask Manager

Question 6:

C) Disk Cleanup
D) Windows Defender
Solution:
A) Control Panel
Question 9:
Which Windows feature provides a way to revert the system to a previous state in case of issues?
A) Action Center
B) System Restore
C) Task Scheduler
D) Disk Cleanup
Solution:
B) System Restore
Question 10:
Which Windows component is responsible for managing user authentication and access to resources on a network?
A) Network and Sharing Center
B) Windows Defender
C) User Account Control (UAC)
D) Active Directory
Solution:
D) Active Directory

Lec 16 - Input Devices

1. Question: Which input device is commonly used for pointing and clicking on a computer screen?
a) Keyboard
b) Touchscreen
c) Mouse
d) Joystick
Solution: c) Mouse
2. Question: Which input device uses pressure-sensitive technology for precise drawing and design work?
a) Keyboard
b) Stylus
c) Trackball
d) Gamepad
Solution: b) Stylus
3. Question: Which input device is used primarily for capturing images and documents?
a) Webcam
b) Scanner
c) Microphone
d) Touchpad
Solution: b) Scanner
4. Question: A touch-sensitive display that allows users to interact directly with the screen is called a:
a) Trackpad
b) Joystick
c) Touchscreen
d) Keyboard
Solution: c) Touchscreen

5. Question: Which input device is designed to detect and record sound waves?
a) Speaker
b) Microphone
c) Barcode reader
d) Game controller
Solution: b) Microphone
6. Question: What input device is commonly used for capturing handwriting and signatures?
a) Touchscreen
b) Trackball
c) Pen Tablet
d) Joystick
Solution: c) Pen Tablet
${\bf 7.\ Question:\ Which\ device\ uses\ light\ and\ sensors\ to\ read\ barcodes\ and\ enter\ data\ into\ a\ computer\ system?}$
a) Microphone
b) Barcode Reader
c) Mouse
d) Stylus
Solution: b) Barcode Reader
8. Question: Which input device allows users to input commands by speaking?
a) Keyboard
b) Mouse
c) Touchpad
d) Voice Recognition System
Solution: d) Voice Recognition System

9. Question: What input device is used for capturing video footage and live streaming?
a) Webcam
b) Scanner
c) Touchscreen
d) Joystick
Solution: a) Webcam
10. Question: Which input device is used for gaming and controlling characters within video games?
a) Printer
b) Trackpad
c) Gamepad
d) Touchscreen
Solution: c) Gamepad

Lec 17 - Resources *Question 1:** Which type of resource is sunlight? A) Renewable resource B) Non-renewable resource C) Human-made resource D) Inexhaustible resource **Solution:** A) Renewable resource **Question 2:** Which is an example of a non-renewable resource? A) Wind energy B) Solar energy C) Natural gas D) Biomass **Solution:** C) Natural gas **Question 3:** What is the primary source of energy for fossil fuels? A) Wind B) Sun C) Water D) Earth's core

Solution: B) Sun

Question 4:
Which resource is considered an abiotic factor?
A) Plants
B) Animals
C) Water
D) Soil
Solution: D) Soil
Question 5:
Which resource plays a vital role in sustainable agriculture?
A) Pesticides
B) Synthetic fertilizers
C) Biodiversity
D) Monoculture
Solution: C) Biodiversity
Question 6:
Which type of resource is coal?
A) Renewable resource
B) Non-renewable resource
C) Recyclable resource
D) Natural resource
Solution: B) Non-renewable resource
Question 7:

What is the main advantage of hydroelectric power?

A) Minimal environmental impact
B) High energy efficiency
C) Abundant fuel supply
D) Cost-effectiveness
Solution: B) High energy efficiency
Question 8:
Which resource is most directly responsible for climate change?
A) Wind energy
B) Solar energy
C) Fossil fuels
D) Geothermal energy
Solution: C) Fossil fuels
Solution: C) Fossil fuels
Solution: C) Fossil fuels **Question 9:**
Question 9:
Question 9: What is an example of a sustainable use of water resources?
Question 9: What is an example of a sustainable use of water resources? A) Excessive irrigation
Question 9: What is an example of a sustainable use of water resources? A) Excessive irrigation B) Industrial pollution
Question 9: What is an example of a sustainable use of water resources? A) Excessive irrigation B) Industrial pollution C) Water conservation practices
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Question 9: What is an example of a sustainable use of water resources? A) Excessive irrigation B) Industrial pollution C) Water conservation practices D) Open dumping of waste
Question 9: What is an example of a sustainable use of water resources? A) Excessive irrigation B) Industrial pollution C) Water conservation practices D) Open dumping of waste
Question 9: What is an example of a sustainable use of water resources? A) Excessive irrigation B) Industrial pollution C) Water conservation practices D) Open dumping of waste **Solution:** C) Water conservation practices

B) Inexhaustible resource

- C) Renewable resource
- D) Synthetic resource

Solution: B) Inexhaustible resource

Lec 18 - String and Menu Resources **Ouestion 1:** In Android app development, what is the primary purpose of using string resources? A) Storing images B) Handling user inputs C) Localization and text management D) Creating animations **Solution: ** C) Localization and text management **Question 2:** Which XML file is commonly used to define string resources in an Android app? A) `strings.xml` B) `layout.xml` C) `strings_resources.xml` D) `text.xml` **Solution:** A) `strings.xml` **Question 3:** What is the benefit of using string resources over hardcoding text directly in code? A) String resources improve app performance B) String resources make the code shorter

C) String resources allow for easy localization and updates

**Solution: ** C) String resources allow for easy localization and updates

D) String resources enable offline functionality

In Android, which resource is used to define the structure and content of app menus?
A) `layout.xml`
B) `menu.xml`
C) `string.xml`
D) `menu_layout.xml`
Solution: B) `menu.xml`
Question 5:
What is the purpose of using menu resources in Android apps?
A) Displaying images
B) Handling user gestures
C) Organizing navigation and actions
D) Playing audio files
Solution: C) Organizing navigation and actions
Question 6:
In Android, how are string resources typically accessed in Java/Kotlin code?
A) Using the `R.layout` class
B) Using the `R.menu` class
C) Using the `R.string` class
D) Using the `R.drawable` class
Solution: C) Using the `R.string` class
Question 7:
Which attribute is used in menu resources to associate an action with a menu item?

Question 4:

A) `click`
B) `action`
C) `id`
D) `link`
Solution: C) `id`
Question 8:
What is the purpose of defining string resources for app labels and titles?
A) Enhance app security
B) Improve app performance
C) Enable text-to-speech functionality
D) Facilitate consistent branding and localization
Solution: D) Facilitate consistent branding and localization
Solution: D) Facilitate consistent branding and localization **Question 9:**
Question 9:
Question 9: Which of the following is NOT a best practice when working with string resources?
Question 9: Which of the following is NOT a best practice when working with string resources? A) Hardcoding all text directly in code
Question 9: Which of the following is NOT a best practice when working with string resources? A) Hardcoding all text directly in code B) Defining all app text in the `strings.xml` file
Question 9: Which of the following is NOT a best practice when working with string resources? A) Hardcoding all text directly in code B) Defining all app text in the `strings.xml` file C) Using string placeholders for dynamic content
Question 9: Which of the following is NOT a best practice when working with string resources? A) Hardcoding all text directly in code B) Defining all app text in the `strings.xml` file C) Using string placeholders for dynamic content
Question 9: Which of the following is NOT a best practice when working with string resources? A) Hardcoding all text directly in code B) Defining all app text in the `strings.xml` file C) Using string placeholders for dynamic content D) Providing translations for different languages
Question 9: Which of the following is NOT a best practice when working with string resources? A) Hardcoding all text directly in code B) Defining all app text in the `strings.xml` file C) Using string placeholders for dynamic content D) Providing translations for different languages
Question 9: Which of the following is NOT a best practice when working with string resources? A) Hardcoding all text directly in code B) Defining all app text in the `strings.xml` file C) Using string placeholders for dynamic content D) Providing translations for different languages **Solution:** A) Hardcoding all text directly in code

B) It assigns a unique identifier to the string resource

- C) It controls the visibility of the string
- D) It defines the font style of the string

Solution: B) It assigns a unique identifier to the string resource

Lec 19 - Menu and Dialogs

D) Action bar

Question 1: What is the primary purpose of a context menu in a graphical user interface (GUI)?
Options:
A) Display advertising content
B) Provide navigation links
C) Present contextual options
D) Show system notifications
Solution: C) Present contextual options
Question 2: Which type of dialog is used to request user input or information in a GUI?
Options:
A) Context menu
B) Confirmation dialog
C) File dialog
D) Toast notification
Solution: B) Confirmation dialog
Question 3: In a mobile app, which UI element typically contains options accessible through a swipe-down gesture?
Options:
A) Context menu
B) Dropdown menu
C) Navigation bar

Question 4: What is the purpose of a modal dialog in a software application?
Options:
A) Display advertisements
B) Interrupt user workflow
C) Provide navigation links
D) Show real-time data updates
Solution: B) Interrupt user workflow
Question 5: Which type of menu remains hidden until the user activates it, often by clicking or hovering over a specific element?
Options:
A) Context menu
B) Dropdown menu
C) Toolbar menu
D) Docked menu
Solution: B) Dropdown menu
Question 6: Which dialog box is commonly used to save or open files in an application?
Options:
A) Context dialog
B) Options dialog

Solution: A) Context menu

C) File dialog
D) Modal dialog
Solution: C) File dialog
Question 7: What is the purpose of a navigation drawer in a mobile app?
Options:
A) Display notifications
B) Show contextual options
C) Provide app settings
D) Offer navigation between screens
Solution: D) Offer navigation between screens **Question 8:** In a web application, what type of menu is typically displayed horizontally at the top of the page?
Question 8: In a web application, what type of menu is typically displayed horizontally at the top
Question 8: In a web application, what type of menu is typically displayed horizontally at the top of the page?
Question 8: In a web application, what type of menu is typically displayed horizontally at the top of the page? **Options:**
Question 8: In a web application, what type of menu is typically displayed horizontally at the top of the page? **Options:** A) Context menu B) Dropdown menu C) Sidebar menu
Question 8: In a web application, what type of menu is typically displayed horizontally at the top of the page? **Options:** A) Context menu B) Dropdown menu
Question 8: In a web application, what type of menu is typically displayed horizontally at the top of the page? **Options:** A) Context menu B) Dropdown menu C) Sidebar menu
Question 8: In a web application, what type of menu is typically displayed horizontally at the top of the page? **Options:** A) Context menu B) Dropdown menu C) Sidebar menu D) Mega menu

A) Provide navigation links
B) Display contextual options
C) Show real-time data updates
D) Request user confirmation
Solution: C) Show real-time data updates
Question 10: Which type of menu is often used to provide a list of available actions related to a
selected item?
Ontiona.
Options:
A) Context menu
B) Dropdown menu
C) Toolbar menu
D) Docked menu
Solution: A) Context menu

Lec 20 - Dialogs

Question 1: What is the primary purpose of a modal dialog in a software application?
A) Provide real-time updates
B) Display advertisements
C) Require user interaction
D) Show navigation links
Solution: C) Require user interaction
Question 2: Which type of dialog allows users to interact with other parts of the interface while it is open?
Options:
A) Modeless dialog
B) Confirmation dialog
C) Context dialog
D) Information dialog
Solution: A) Modeless dialog
Question 3: What type of dialog might be used to confirm an irreversible action, like deleting a file?
Options:
A) Modeless dialog
B) Confirmation dialog
C) Context dialog
D) Information dialog

Solution: B) Confirmation dialog **Question 4:** In a mobile app, which type of dialog might be used to request permission to access the user's location? **Options:** A) Modeless dialog B) Confirmation dialog C) Permission dialog D) Input dialog **Solution:** C) Permission dialog **Question 5:** What is the purpose of an input dialog in a software application? **Options:** A) Display contextual options B) Show real-time updates C) Request user input D) Provide navigation links **Solution:** C) Request user input **Question 6:** Which type of dialog might be used to display additional information about a feature or function?

Options:

A) Context dialog

B) Modeless dialog

C) Information dialog
D) Confirmation dialog
Solution: C) Information dialog
Question 7: What is the key characteristic of a toast notification in a user interface?
Options:
A) Requires user interaction
B) Blocks other interactions
C) Appears as a modal window
D) Brief and unobtrusive message
Solution: D) Brief and unobtrusive message
Question 8: When might a file dialog be commonly used in a software application?
Question 8: When might a file dialog be commonly used in a software application? **Options:**
Options:
Options: A) Confirming an action
Options: A) Confirming an action B) Providing real-time updates
Options: A) Confirming an action B) Providing real-time updates C) Selecting and saving files
Options: A) Confirming an action B) Providing real-time updates C) Selecting and saving files D) Displaying contextual options **Solution:** C) Selecting and saving files

B) Interrupt user workflow
C) Provide real-time updates
D) Allow interaction with the interface
Solution: D) Allow interaction with the interface
Question 10: In a web application, what type of dialog might be used to gather user feedback?
Options:
A) Feedback dialog
B) Modeless dialog
C) Context dialog
D) Confirmation dialog
Solution: A) Feedback dialog

Lec 21 - Using Dialogs and Windows Controls

Question 1: What is the primary purpose of using dialogs in a software application?
Options:
A) Provide advertisements
B) Enhance navigation
C) Gather user input
D) Display real-time updates
Solution: C) Gather user input
Question 2: Which type of dialog requires user interaction before proceeding with a task?
Options:
A) Modeless dialog
B) Confirmation dialog
C) Context dialog
D) Information dialog
Solution: B) Confirmation dialog
Question 3: What do modeless dialogs allow users to do while they are open?
Options:
A) Interact with other parts of the interface
B) Display real-time updates
C) Block all interactions
D) Gather user feedback

Solution: A) Interact with other parts of the interface

Question 4: What is the purpose of using windows controls in a user interface?
Options:
A) Provide advertising content
B) Enhance navigation only
C) Gather user input
D) Aid user interactions and tasks
Solution: D) Aid user interactions and tasks
Question 5: Which windows control is typically used for selecting dates or times?
Options:
A) Dropdown menu
B) Radio button
C) Checkbox
D) Date picker
Solution: D) Date picker
Question 6: How can checkboxes be used in windows controls?
Options:
A) For selecting multiple options
B) For navigation between screens
C) To display real-time updates

D) For confirming irreversible actions
Solution: A) For selecting multiple options
Question 7: Which windows control is used for entering single-line text input?
Options:
A) Text box
B) Radio button
C) Checkbox
D) Dropdown menu
Solution: A) Text box
Question 8: What is the purpose of using radio buttons in windows controls?
Options:
A) Selecting multiple options
B) Displaying real-time updates
C) Allowing free-form text input
D) Selecting a single option from a group
Solution: D) Selecting a single option from a group
Question 9: What do navigation bars and tabs help achieve in a user interface?
Question 9: What do navigation bars and tabs help achieve in a user interface? **Options:**

C) Enhance navigation and organization
D) Show real-time updates
Solution: C) Enhance navigation and organization
Question 10: In a software application, what is the purpose of using tooltips with windows controls?
Options:
A) Display advertisements
B) Provide real-time updates
C) Offer additional information or context
D) Gather user feedback
Solution: C) Offer additional information or context

Lec 22 - Using Common Dialogs and Windows Controls

Question 1: Which common dialog is used to open and select files from the system?
A) OpenFileDialog
B) SaveFileDialog
C) PrintDialog
D) ColorDialog
Solution: A) OpenFileDialog
Question 2: Which Windows Control is used to display a list of selectable items in a dropdown menu?
A) ComboBox
B) ListBox
C) RadioButton
D) CheckBox
Solution: A) ComboBox
Question 3: Which common dialog is used to pick colors in an application?
A) OpenFileDialog
B) SaveFileDialog
C) PrintDialog
D) ColorDialog
Solution: D) ColorDiolog

A) TextBox
B) PictureBox
C) Label
D) Button
Solution: B) PictureBox
Question 5: Which common dialog is used to save files with a specified name and location?
A) OpenFileDialog
B) SaveFileDialog
C) PrintDialog
D) ColorDialog
Solution: B) SaveFileDialog
Question 6: Which Windows Control allows users to select multiple options from a list?
A) ComboBox
B) ListBox
C) RadioButton
D) CheckBox
Solution: B) ListBox
Question 7: Which common dialog is used to set print options before printing a document?

Question 4: Which Windows Control is used to display images in an application?

A) OpenFileDialog
B) SaveFileDialog
C) PrintDialog
D) ColorDialog
Solution: C) PrintDialog
Question 8: Which Windows Control is used to display a single-line text input field?
A) Carrila Dara
A) ComboBox
B) ListBox
C) TextBox
D) CheckBox
Solution: C) TextBox
Question 9: Which common dialog is used to select folders/directories from the system?
A) OpenFileDialog
B) SaveFileDialog
C) FolderBrowserDialog
D) ColorDialog
Solution: C) FolderBrowserDialog
Question 10: Which Windows Control is used to display a binary on/off choice?
A) ComboBox
B) ListBox

- C) RadioButton
- D) CheckBox

Solution: D) CheckBox

Lec 23 - Common Controls

**Question 1: Which Common Control is used to display a list of selectable items vertically?*
A) ComboBox
B) ListBox
C) CheckBox
D) RadioButton
Solution: B) ListBox
Question 2: Which Common Control provides a binary on/off choice for users?
A) ComboBox
B) ListBox
C) CheckBox
D) RadioButton
Solution: C) CheckBox
Question 3: The Common Control used to display a single-line text input field is:
A) TextBox
B) ComboBox
C) Label
D) Button
Solution: A) TextRox

Question 4: What does the Button Common Control typically represent in a graphical user interface?
A) Images
B) Text
C) Lists
D) Colors
Solution: B) Text
**Question 5: Which Common Control is used for selecting a single option from a group of choices?*
A) ComboBox
B) ListBox
C) CheckBox
D) RadioButton
Solution: D) RadioButton
Question 6: The Common Control that allows users to choose from a dropdown list of items is called:
A) ComboBox
B) ListBox
C) CheckBox
D) RadioButton
Solution: A) ComboBox

Question 7: Which Common Control is commonly used to display static text or information?

A) TextBox
B) ComboBox
C) Label
D) Button
Solution: C) Label
**Question 8: Which Common Control is used to display images in a graphical user interface?*
A) TextBox
B) PictureBox
C) Label
D) Button
Solution: B) PictureBox
Question 9: The Common Control used for selecting files or specifying file paths is called:
A) OpenFileDialog
B) SaveFileDialog
C) PrintDialog
D) ColorDialog
Solution: A) OpenFileDialog
Question 10: Which Common Control is utilized to choose colors in an application?
A) OpenFileDialog

- B) SaveFileDialog
- C) PrintDialog
- D) ColorDialog

Solution: D) ColorDialog

Lec 24 - Dynamic Link Libraries
Question 1: What does DLL stand for?
a) Dynamic Load Library
b) Dynamic Link Loader
c) Dynamic Link Library
d) Dynamic Language Locator
Solution: c) Dynamic Link Library
Question 2: Which of the following statements about DLLs is true?
a) DLLs are only used in Windows operating systems.
b) DLLs contain only executable code and no data.
c) DLLs cannot be loaded or unloaded dynamically.
d) DLLs promote code reusability by allowing multiple programs to share the same code.
Solution: d) DLLs promote code reusability by allowing multiple programs to share the same code.
Question 3: Which programming language is commonly used to create DLLs?
a) Java
b) Python
c) C++
d) HTML
Solution: c) C++

Question 4: What is the primary advantage of using DLLs?

- a) They make the executable files larger.
- b) They make the software less modular.

c) They enable code sharing and reduce redundancy.
d) They are platform-independent.
Solution: c) They enable code sharing and reduce redundancy.
Question 5: How are functions from a DLL accessed by a program?
a) By embedding the DLL code directly into the program.
b) By using a static link to the DLL.
c) By dynamically loading the DLL and calling its functions.
d) By creating a separate copy of the DLL for each program.
Solution: c) By dynamically loading the DLL and calling its functions.
Question 6: What is the purpose of the "GetProcAddress" function in Windows API?
a) To load the entire DLL into memory.
b) To retrieve the address of a function within a loaded DLL.
c) To compile the DLL source code.
d) To link the DLL statically.
Solution: b) To retrieve the address of a function within a loaded DLL.
Question 7: Which library is commonly used for dynamic loading of DLLs in C++?
a) libDLL
b) dlfcn
c) loadlib
d) dynamiclink
Solution: b) dlfcn

Question 8: In which memory space are DLLs loaded?
a) Separate memory space for each program
b) Shared memory space for all programs
c) Virtual memory space only
d) ROM memory space
Solution: b) Shared memory space for all programs
Question 9: What can be a potential drawback of using DLLs?
a) Increased memory usage for each program using the DLL
b) Reduced code reusability
c) Slower program execution due to dynamic loading
d) Incompatibility with modern operating systems
Solution: a) Increased memory usage for each program using the DLL
Question 10: Which utility can be used to view the functions and symbols within a DLL?
a) regedit
b) Dependency Walker
c) Disk Cleanup
d) Device Manager
Solution: b) Dependency Walker

Lec 25 - Threads and DLL's

Question 1:	What is a	thread in	the context of	of computer	programming?
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- a) A type of data storage
- b) A unit of execution within a process
- c) A graphical user interface element
- d) An external device connected to the computer

**Solution: ** b) A unit of execution within a process

Question 2: What is the primary benefit of using multiple threads in a program?

- a) Decreased program complexity
- b) Reduced memory usage
- c) Improved program modularity
- d) Enhanced multitasking and concurrency

Solution: d) Enhanced multitasking and concurrency

Question 3: Which of the following statements is true about threads?

- a) Threads cannot run in parallel.
- b) Threads within the same process share the same memory space.
- c) Threads always execute in separate processes.
- d) Threads are only used in single-threaded applications.

**Solution: ** b) Threads within the same process share the same memory space.

Question 4: What is thread synchronization used for?
a) To prevent threads from running in parallel
b) To improve memory efficiency
c) To ensure proper order of execution among threads
d) To create separate memory spaces for threads
Solution: c) To ensure proper order of execution among threads
Question 5: Which of the following is NOT a thread scheduling algorithm?
a) First-Come, First-Served (FCFS)
b) Round Robin
c) Last-In, First-Out (LIFO)
d) Binary Search Tree (BST)
Solution: d) Binary Search Tree (BST)
DLLs:
Question 6: What does DLL stand for?
a) Dynamic Load Library
b) Dynamic Link Loader
e) Dynamic Link Library
d) Dynamic Language Locator
Solution: c) Dynamic Link Library

Question 7: How do DLLs promote code reusability?
a) By embedding code directly into the program
b) By creating duplicate copies of code
c) By allowing multiple programs to share the same code
d) By using different programming languages
Solution: c) By allowing multiple programs to share the same code
Question 8: What is the purpose of dynamically linking to a DLL?
a) To increase the size of the executable file
b) To embed the entire DLL code into the program
c) To reduce code modularity
d) To load and use code from an external DLL at runtime
Solution: d) To load and use code from an external DLL at runtime
Question 9: Which utility can be used to view the functions and symbols within a DLL?
a) regedit
b) Dependency Walker
c) Disk Cleanup
d) Device Manager
Solution: b) Dependency Walker **Question 10:** In which memory space are DLLs loaded?

- a) Separate memory space for each program
- b) Shared memory space for all programs
- c) Virtual memory space only
- d) ROM memory space

Solution: b) Shared memory space for all programs

Lec 26 - Threads and Synchronization

Question 1: What is a thread in the context of programming?

- a) A function call
- b) A sequence of instructions
- c) A graphical user interface element
- d) An input/output operation

Solution: b) A sequence of instructions

Question 2: What is the purpose of thread synchronization?

- a) To increase the number of threads
- b) To reduce the number of threads
- c) To coordinate thread execution and data access
- d) To stop all threads simultaneously

Solution: c) To coordinate thread execution and data access

Question 3: What is a race condition in multithreading?

- a) A competition between threads for system resources
- b) A condition where two or more threads access shared data concurrently, leading to unexpected results
- c) A condition where a thread fails to start
- d) A synchronization mechanism

Solution: b) A condition where two or more threads access shared data concurrently, leading to unexpected results

Question 4: Which of the following is a thread synchronization primitive?

- a) Thread.sleep()
- b) Thread.start()

c) Thread.join()
d) Thread.run()
Solution: c) Thread.join()
Question 5: What is the purpose of the "synchronized" keyword in Java?
a) It creates a new thread
b) It marks a method as deprecated
c) It prevents a method from being overridden
d) It ensures exclusive access to a block of code by only one thread at a time
Solution: d) It ensures exclusive access to a block of code by only one thread at a time
Question 6: What can be used to prevent deadlock in multithreaded programs?
a) Increasing the number of threads
b) Decreasing the number of threads
c) Using thread.sleep()
d) Implementing a proper order for acquiring locks
Solution: d) Implementing a proper order for acquiring locks
Question 7: Which synchronization primitive allows multiple threads to read a shared resource simultaneously, but only one thread to write?
a) Semaphore
b) Mutex
c) ReadWriteLock
d) CountDownLatch
Solution: c) ReadWriteLock

Question 8: What is a critical section in the context of synchronization?							
a) A section of code that only runs on a single thread							
b) A section of code that must be executed by multiple threads concurrently							
c) A section of code that is ignored by all threads							
d) A section of code where errors are expected							
Solution: b) A section of code that must be executed by multiple threads concurrently							
Question 9: Which of the following is a potential drawback of excessive thread synchronization?							
a) Deadlocks							
b) Race conditions							
c) Improved performance							
d) Concurrent execution							
Solution: a) Deadlocks							
Question 10: What is a mutex?							
a) A type of thread							
b) A synchronization primitive that allows multiple threads to access a resource simultaneously							
c) A synchronization primitive that ensures only one thread can access a resource at a time							
d) A thread scheduler							

Solution: c) A synchronization primitive that ensures only one thread can access a resource at a time

Lec 27 - Network Programming Part I

Lee 27 Teework Trogramming Larer
Question 1:
Which protocol is connection-oriented and provides reliable data transfer?
a) TCP
b) UDP
c) HTTP
d) IP
Solution: a) TCP
Question 2:
In network programming, what is a socket?
a) A physical connector for cables
b) A software endpoint for sending or receiving data across a computer network
c) A type of router
d) A type of firewall
**Solution: b) A software endpoint for sending or receiving data across a computer network*
Question 3:
Which function is used to create a socket in Python?
a) socket.socket()
b) create_socket()
c) new_socket()
d) socket.create()
Solution: a) socket.socket()

Question 4:

What is the default port number for HTTP?

a) 80

b) 443
c) 8080
d) 21
Solution: a) 80
Question 5:
Which networking protocol is connectionless and does not guarantee reliable data delivery?
a) TCP
b) UDP
c) FTP
d) SMTP
Solution: b) UDP
Question 6:
Which command is used to bind a socket to a specific address and port?
a) socket.connect()
b) socket.bind()
c) socket.listen()
d) socket.accept()
Solution: b) socket.bind()
Question 7:
What does DNS stand for in networking?
a) Domain Network Server
b) Data Naming System
c) Distributed Network Service
d) Domain Name System
Solution: d) Domain Name System

Question 8:
Which Python library is commonly used for network programming?
a) netlib
b) socketlib
c) networkpy
d) socket
Solution: d) socket
Question 9:
What does IP address uniquely identify in a network?
a) Domain name
b) MAC address
c) Port number
d) Device
Solution: d) Device
Question 10:
Which method is used to establish a connection in a TCP client socket in Python?
a) connect()
b) send()
c) accept()
d) bind()
Solution: a) connect()

Lec 28 - Network Programming Part II **Ouestion 1:** Which protocol is commonly used for retrieving email from a mail server? a) HTTP b) SMTP c) POP3 d) UDP **Solution: c) POP3** **Question 2:** What does API stand for in the context of network programming? a) Application Protocol Interface b) Application Program Interface c) Automated Programming Interface d) Active Protocol Interface **Solution: b) Application Program Interface** **Question 3:** In network programming, what does the term "asynchronous" refer to? a) Data sent over a network using UDP b) Data sent over a network using TCP c) Simultaneous execution of multiple tasks without waiting for each to complete d) Sequential execution of tasks in a network application **Solution: c) Simultaneous execution of multiple tasks without waiting for each to complete**

Question 4:

Which encryption protocol ensures secure communication over a network?

a) HTTP

b) TCP
c) SSL/TLS
d) FTP
Solution: c) SSL/TLS
Question 5:
What is a RESTful API?
a) A protocol for sending emails
b) A standardized approach for creating and interacting with web services
c) A method for securing network connections
d) A type of network topology
Solution: b) A standardized approach for creating and interacting with web services
Question 6:
Which Python library is commonly used for making HTTP requests and interacting with APIs?
a) os
b) requests
c) socket
d) urllib
Solution: b) requests
Question 7:
What does OAuth stand for in the context of network security?
a) Open Authorization
a) Open Authorizationb) Online Authentication
b) Online Authentication

Question 8:
Which protocol is used for secure file transfer over a network?
a) HTTP
b) FTP
c) SMTP
d) UDP
Solution: b) FTP
Question 9:
What is a distributed application in network programming?
a) An application that only works on one computer
b) An application that is split into separate components that run on different machines
c) An application that uses UDP exclusively
d) An application that uses only synchronous programming
Solution: b) An application that is split into separate components that run on different machines
Question 10:
Which protocol is used for real-time communication over the Internet, often used in instant messaging and video conferencing?
a) SMTP
b) HTTP
c) UDP
d) XMPP
Solution: d) XMPP

Lec 29 - Network Programming Part III **Ouestion 1:** Which protocol is commonly used for sending emails from a client to a server? a) HTTP b) SMTP c) POP3 d) FTP **Solution: b) SMTP** **Question 2:** What is the purpose of analyzing network protocols? a) To create new protocols b) To ensure backward compatibility c) To improve network security and performance d) To eliminate the need for firewalls **Solution: c) To improve network security and performance** **Question 3:** Which technology enables devices to communicate and exchange data over the internet without human intervention? a) Web services b) IoT (Internet of Things) c) HTTP d) FTP **Solution: b) IoT (Internet of Things)**

Question 4:

What does REST stand for in the context of network programming?

a) Reliable Execution State Transfer

b) Remote Execution Services and Tools c) Representational State Transfer d) Responsive Endpoint Services Technology **Solution: c) Representational State Transfer** **Ouestion 5:** Which cloud service model provides virtualized hardware resources over the internet? a) SaaS (Software as a Service) b) IaaS (Infrastructure as a Service) c) PaaS (Platform as a Service) d) DaaS (Data as a Service) **Solution: b) IaaS (Infrastructure as a Service)** **Question 6:** What is a microservice architecture? a) A single monolithic application b) A network protocol c) A design pattern where an application is composed of small, independent services d) A method for transferring large files over the internet **Solution: c) A design pattern where an application is composed of small, independent services** **Question 7:** Which encryption protocol is commonly used to secure data transmitted over the internet? a) SSL b) TLS c) HTTP d) FTP **Solution: b) TLS**

Question 8: What does MQTT stand for in IoT communication?

- a) Message Queuing Transport Telemetry
- b) Message Queuing Telemetry Transport
- c) Mobile Query Transfer Technique
- d) Mobile Quota and Traffic Test
- **Solution: b) Message Queuing Telemetry Transport**

Question 9:

Which HTTP method is used to retrieve data from a web server?

- a) GET
- b) POST
- c) PUT
- d) DELETE
- **Solution: a) GET**

Question 10:

What is the purpose of load balancing in a networked system?

- a) To increase network latency
- b) To concentrate all traffic on a single server
- c) To evenly distribute traffic across multiple servers for improved performance and redundancy
- d) To decrease network security

Solution: c) To evenly distribute traffic across multiple servers for improved performance and redundancy

Lec 30 - Network Programming Part IV

Question 1:

What does SDN stand for in the context of network programming?

- a) Secure Data Network
- b) Software Defined Network
- c) Systematic Data Node
- d) Synchronous Data Network

Solution: b) Software Defined Network

Question 2:

Which technology allows for the creation of isolated network environments within a physical network?

- a) Software Defined Networking (SDN)
- b) Network Virtualization
- c) Cloud Integration
- d) Microservices Architecture

Solution: b) Network Virtualization

Question 3:

What is a container in the context of network programming?

- a) A physical device used for data transmission
- b) A software package that includes all dependencies to run an application
- c) A protocol for secure data transfer
- d) A specialized router

Solution: b) A software package that includes all dependencies to run an application

Question 4:

Which technology enables dynamic allocation of network resources to applications in real-time?

a) Network Virtualization

b) Cloud Integration c) Containerization d) Software Defined Networking (SDN) **Solution: d) Software Defined Networking (SDN)** **Ouestion 5:** What is the primary goal of AI-driven networking? a) To eliminate the need for network administrators b) To increase network latency c) To automate network management and optimization using AI algorithms d) To replace traditional networking protocols **Solution: c) To automate network management and optimization using AI algorithms** **Question 6:** Which containerization platform is widely used for deploying and managing containerized applications? a) Docker b) Kubernetes c) VirtualBox d) Vagrant **Solution: a) Docker** **Question 7:** What does SD-WAN stand for in network programming? a) Software-Defined Wide Area Network b) Secure Data Web Access Network c) Standard Digital Wireless Area Network

d) Systematic Data Web Application Network

Solution: a) Software-Defined Wide Area Network

Question 8:

Which technology abstracts network hardware, allowing for more flexible and programmable network management?

- a) Virtual Reality (VR)
- b) Network Virtualization
- c) Quantum Computing
- d) Cloud Integration

Solution: b) Network Virtualization

Question 9:

What role does REST API play in network programming?

- a) Secure network communication
- b) Data storage and retrieval
- c) Remote execution of code
- d) Standardized way for applications to communicate over HTTP

Solution: d) Standardized way for applications to communicate over HTTP

Question 10:

What is the purpose of orchestration in the context of network programming?

- a) To automate the deployment and management of network resources and services
- b) To physically connect devices to the network
- c) To analyze network protocols
- d) To secure data transmission

Solution: a) To automate the deployment and management of network resources and services