

42 Lecture - MGT111

Important Mcqs

1. Which of the following is not a goal of political reforms?

- a) Improving the functioning of the government
- b) Increasing transparency and accountability
- c) Promoting corruption and nepotism
- d) Promoting democratic values

Answer: c) Promoting corruption and nepotism

2. What is the purpose of electoral reforms?

- a) To strengthen democratic institutions
- b) To improve the voting process
- c) To ensure fair and transparent elections
- d) All of the above

Answer: d) All of the above

3. Which of the following is an example of a political reform?

- a) Increasing the number of political parties
- b) Banning opposition parties
- c) Promoting nepotism
- d) Reducing the number of polling stations

Answer: a) Increasing the number of political parties

4. What is the purpose of constitutional changes?

- a) To improve the functioning of the government
- b) To ensure the protection of citizens' rights
- c) To combat corruption and promote good governance
- d) All of the above

Answer: d) All of the above

5. Which of the following is a democratic institution that is often strengthened through political reforms?

- a) Military
- b) Judiciary
- c) Police
- d) None of the above

Answer: b) Judiciary

6. What is the purpose of decentralization of power?

- a) To promote corruption and nepotism

- b) To increase transparency and accountability
- c) To ensure the equitable distribution of resources
- d) All of the above

Answer: c) To ensure the equitable distribution of resources

7. **What is the role of political reforms in combating corruption?**

- a) To increase transparency and accountability
- b) To promote nepotism and favoritism
- c) To weaken democratic institutions
- d) None of the above

Answer: a) To increase transparency and accountability

8. **What is the purpose of strengthening democratic institutions?**

- a) To increase government control
- b) To ensure fair and transparent elections
- c) To promote nepotism and corruption
- d) None of the above

Answer: b) To ensure fair and transparent elections

9. **Which of the following is a challenge to political reforms?**

- a) Resistance from the bureaucracy
- b) Lack of citizen participation
- c) Political interference
- d) All of the above

Answer: d) All of the above

10. **Which of the following is not an example of political reforms?**

- a) Increasing the salaries of government officials
- b) Strengthening democratic institutions
- c) Decentralization of power
- d) Electoral reforms

Answer: a) Increasing the salaries of government officials