45 Lecture - MGT111

Important Mcqs

- 1. What is the primary goal of Managerial Programme Agenda (MPA)?
 - A) To develop a strong private sector
 - B) To enhance public sector performance
 - C) To provide social services to the community
 - D) To increase government control

Answer: B

2. Which of the following is not a component of the MPA?

- A) Monitoring and evaluation
- B) Public financial management
- C) Institutional reforms
- D) Political campaigns

Answer: D

- 3. What is the purpose of public financial management in the MPA?
 - A) To increase government revenue
 - B) To reduce government spending
 - C) To improve budget allocation and management
 - D) To decrease taxes for citizens

Answer: C

4. What is the main objective of institutional reforms in the MPA?

- A) To increase government control
- B) To strengthen public institutions
- C) To limit citizen participation in government
- D) To reduce government bureaucracy

Answer: B

5. Which of the following is a key feature of the MPA approach?

- A) Centralized decision-making
- B) Top-down implementation
- C) Bottom-up planning
- D) Decentralized implementation

Answer: D

6. What is the role of monitoring and evaluation in the MPA?

- A) To track the progress of MPA implementation
- B) To enforce compliance with MPA policies

- C) To penalize non-compliant agencies
- D) To increase government control

Answer: A

7. What is the main goal of the MPA in terms of service delivery?

- A) To increase access to services
- B) To decrease the quality of services
- C) To privatize all services
- D) To decrease government spending on services

Answer: A

8. Which of the following is not a challenge associated with implementing the MPA?

- A) Resistance to change from government agencies
- B) Lack of funding for MPA initiatives
- C) Lack of political will from government leaders
- D) Lack of citizen participation

Answer: D

9. What is the main benefit of using the MPA approach?

- A) Increased government control over resources
- B) Improved public sector performance
- C) Reduced citizen participation in government
- D) Increased government revenue

Answer: B

10. Which of the following is a key principle of the MPA approach?

- A) Decentralization of power and resources
- B) Centralization of power and resources
- C) Limitation of citizen participation in government
- D) Privatization of all government services

Answer: A