35 Lecture - MGT211

Important Mcqs

1. **What is productivity?**
   A) The amount of money a company earns
   B) The efficiency and effectiveness of resource usage
   C) The number of employees a company has
   D) The size of a company's revenue

Answer: B

2. **Which of the following is NOT a factor that can affect productivity?**
   A) Workforce training
   B) Production processes
   C) Investment in technology and infrastructure
   D) The number of employees a company has

Answer: D

3. **Why is productivity important?**
   A) It can lead to increased output and lower costs
   B) It is a measure of a company's revenue
   C) It determines a company's profitability
   D) It is an indicator of customer satisfaction

Answer: A

4. **What is a common method for improving productivity?**
   A) Hiring more employees
   B) Reducing employee salaries
   C) Investing in technology and infrastructure
   D) Reducing employee benefits

Answer: C

5. **Which of the following is an example of a productivity metric?**
   A) Number of employees in a company
   B) Revenue generated by a company
   C) Output per employee hour
   D) Customer satisfaction ratings

Answer: C

6. **Which industry typically has the highest productivity levels?**
   A) Manufacturing
   B) Retail

C) Hospitality
D) Healthcare

Answer: A

7. **What is the relationship between productivity and economic growth?**
A) Higher productivity leads to lower economic growth
B) Lower productivity leads to higher economic growth
C) Higher productivity leads to higher economic growth
D) Productivity has no impact on economic growth

8. **What is the difference between labor productivity and total factor productivity?**
A) Labor productivity measures output per worker, while total factor productivity measures output per unit of capital and labor
B) Labor productivity measures output per unit of capital and labor, while total factor productivity measures output per worker
C) There is no difference between the two measures
D) Total factor productivity measures only the output of labor, while labor productivity measures both labor and capital

Answer: A

9. **Which of the following is an example of an external factor that can impact productivity**?
A) Workforce training
B) Production processes
C) Government regulations
D) Investment in technology and infrastructure

Answer: C

10. **What is the impact of low productivity on a company?**
A) Increased costs and reduced output
B) Increased revenue and higher profits
C) Improved customer satisfaction
D) Increased market share

Answer: A