11 Lecture - ENG101

Important Mcqs

1. What are the three stages of the reading process?

- a) Pre-reading, reading, and post-reading
- b) Previewing, skimming, and scanning
- c) Decoding, comprehension, and interpretation
- d) None of the above

Answer: a) Pre-reading, reading, and post-reading

2. What is the purpose of activating prior knowledge during the pre-reading stage?

- a) To connect new information with existing knowledge or experiences
- b) To make predictions about the text
- c) To understand the author's perspective
- d) None of the above

Answer: a) To connect new information with existing knowledge or experiences

3. What is the purpose of making predictions during reading?

- a) To understand the author's perspective
- b) To anticipate the information that will be presented
- c) To evaluate the reliability of the information
- d) None of the above

Answer: b) To anticipate the information that will be presented

4. How can readers improve their vocabulary?

- a) By reading regularly
- b) By studying word roots and affixes
- c) By using context clues to understand unfamiliar words
- d) All of the above

Answer: d) All of the above

5. Why is post-reading reflection important?

- a) To evaluate the author's perspective
- b) To consider the implications of the information presented
- c) To make connections between the text and other ideas or experiences
- d) All of the above

Answer: d) All of the above

6. What is the difference between decoding and comprehending text?

a) Decoding involves understanding the meaning of the words while comprehending involves recognizing and pronouncing them.

b) Decoding involves recognizing and pronouncing words while comprehending involves understanding the meaning of the words and the relationships between them.

- c) Decoding and comprehending are the same things.
- d) None of the above.

Answer: b) Decoding involves recognizing and pronouncing words while comprehending involves understanding the meaning of the words and the relationships between them.

7. Why is reading considered a fundamental skill?

- a) It is essential for success in academic and professional settings
- b) It helps individuals communicate effectively
- c) It promotes critical thinking and problem-solving
- d) All of the above

Answer: d) All of the above

8. What is the purpose of skimming a text?

- a) To thoroughly read and understand all the information
- b) To locate specific information quickly
- c) To understand the author's perspective
- d) None of the above

Answer: b) To locate specific information quickly

9. What are some strategies that readers can use to improve reading comprehension?

- a) Activating prior knowledge
- b) Making predictions
- c) Asking questions
- d) All of the above

Answer: d) All of the above

10. What is the purpose of summarizing a text?

- a) To understand the author's perspective
- b) To evaluate the reliability of the information
- c) To briefly and accurately convey the main ideas of the text
- d) None of the above

Answer: c) To briefly and accurately convey the main ideas of the text