## 1 Lecture - CS301

## **Important Subjective**

- 1. What is a data structure? Answer: A data structure is a way of organizing and storing data in a computer memory so that it can be accessed and manipulated efficiently.
- 2. What is the difference between an array and a linked list? Answer: An array is a fixed-size data structure that stores elements in contiguous memory locations, while a linked list is a dynamic data structure that stores elements in nodes, with each node pointing to the next one.
- 3. What is a stack? Answer: A stack is a data structure that follows the "last-in-first-out" (LIFO) principle, where the last element added is the first one to be removed.
- 4. **What is a queue?** Answer: A queue is a data structure that follows the "first-in-first-out" (FIFO) principle, where the first element added is the first one to be removed.
- 5. What is a tree? Answer: A tree is a hierarchical data structure that consists of nodes connected by edges, with one node at the top called the root node.
- 6. What is a graph? Answer: A graph is a non-linear data structure that consists of nodes connected by edges, where the edges may be directed or undirected.
- 7. What is a hash table? Answer: A hash table is a data structure that uses a hash function to map keys to their corresponding values, allowing for efficient insertion, deletion, and retrieval operations.
- 8. What is a binary search tree? Answer: A binary search tree is a binary tree where the left subtree of each node contains only elements smaller than the node, and the right subtree contains only elements larger than the node.
- 9. What is a heap? Answer: A heap is a binary tree where each parent node has a value that is greater than or equal to (for a max heap) or less than or equal to (for a min heap) its children.
- 10. What is a priority queue? Answer: A priority queue is a data structure that stores elements with associated priorities, where elements with higher priorities are dequeued first.