## 14 Lecture - CS301

## **Important Subjective**

## 1. What is recursion?

Answer: Recursion is a programming technique where a function calls itself within its own code.

- 2. What is the base case in recursion? Answer: The base case is the case where the function returns a value without calling itself, stopping the recursive process.
- 3. What is the difference between direct and indirect recursion? Answer: Direct recursion occurs when a function calls itself, while indirect recursion occurs when two or more functions call each other.
- 4. What is tail recursion?

Answer: Tail recursion is a type of recursion where the recursive call is the last operation performed by the function.

5. What is the maximum number of recursive calls that can be made? Answer: The maximum number of recursive calls that can be made depends on the available memory.

## 6. What is a stack overflow error?

Answer: A stack overflow error occurs when the maximum stack size is exceeded due to too many recursive calls.

7. What are the advantages of recursion?

Answer: Recursion can simplify complex problems by breaking them down into smaller subproblems, and can be more readable and concise than iterative solutions.

- 8. What are the disadvantages of recursion? Answer: Recursion may cause stack overflow errors and can be less efficient than iterative solutions.
- What is the role of the base case in recursion?
  Answer: The base case provides a stopping condition for the recursive process.
- 10. What are some common algorithms that use recursion? Answer: Quick sort, merge sort, and binary search are common algorithms that use recursion.