25 Lecture - CS301

Important Mcqs

- 1. What is an expression tree?
 - a) A binary tree with nodes representing operands
 - b) A binary tree with nodes representing operators
 - c) A binary tree with nodes representing both operands and operators
 - d) A binary tree with nodes representing numbers

Answer: c

- 2. What is the purpose of an expression tree?
 - a) To represent a mathematical expression
 - b) To store data in a tree structure
 - c) To sort data in a binary tree
 - d) To perform search operations on data in a binary tree

Answer: a

- 3. Which traversal of an expression tree is used to evaluate the expression?
 - a) Preorder
 - b) Inorder
 - c) Postorder
 - d) Level order

Answer: c

- 4. What is the time complexity of evaluating an expression tree?
 - a) O(n)
 - b) O(log n)
 - c) O(n^2)
 - d) O(2ⁿ)

Answer: a

- 5. How is an expression tree created from an infix expression?
 - a) Using the preorder traversal
 - b) Using the inorder traversal
 - c) Using the postorder traversal
 - d) Using a stack

Answer: d

- 6. What is the maximum number of children a node in an expression tree can have?
 - a) 0
 - b) 1

- c) 2
- d) 3

Answer: c

- 7. Which of the following operations can be performed on an expression tree?
 - a) Insertion of a node
 - b) Deletion of a node
 - c) Rotation of a node
 - d) All of the above

Answer: d

- 8. What is the purpose of a leaf node in an expression tree?
 - a) To represent an operator
 - b) To represent an operand
 - c) To represent a binary operation
 - d) To represent a unary operation

Answer: b

- 9. Can an expression tree have duplicate nodes?
 - a) Yes
 - b) No

Answer: b

- 10. What is the advantage of using an expression tree over a postfix expression?
 - a) Faster evaluation
 - b) Easier to read
 - c) Takes less space
 - d) All of the above

Answer: d