12 Lecture - PAK301

Important Mcqs

Which year marked significant political developments in British India?

a) 1945

b) 1946

c) 1947

d) 1948

Answer: a) 1945

Who were the key political leaders during the political situation in 1945-46 in British India?

a) Mahatma Gandhi and Jawaharlal Nehru

b) Muhammad Ali Jinnah and Maulana Abul Kalam Azad

c) Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and Rajendra Prasad

d) Subhas Chandra Bose and Bhimrao Ambedkar

Answer: b) Muhammad Ali Jinnah and Maulana Abul Kalam Azad

What was the Cabinet Mission Plan?

a) A plan proposed by the Indian National Congress for the creation of Pakistan

b) A plan proposed by the All India Muslim League for the formation of an interim government

c) A plan proposed by the British government for the formation of an interim government in India

d) A plan proposed by the British government for the creation of a united India

A**nswer: c) A plan proposed by the British government for the formation of an interim government in India**

What was the significance of the Pakistan Resolution?

a) It demanded the creation of an independent state for Muslims in British India.

b) It demanded the creation of a united India with a secular government.

c) It demanded the immediate withdrawal of the British from India.

d) It demanded the division of India into multiple states.

Answer: a) It demanded the creation of an independent state for Muslims in British India.

Which political party emerged as the dominant force in the Muslim-majority regions of British India during the general elections of 1945-46?

a) Indian National Congress (INC)

b) All India Muslim League (AIML)

c) Communist Party of India (CPI)

d) Hindu Mahasabha

Answer: b) All India Muslim League (AIML)

What was the key difference between the Indian National Congress (INC) and the All India Muslim League (AIML) during the political situation in 1945-46?

a) The stance on a united or divided India.

b) The demand for immediate independence from British rule.

c) The demand for a separate state for Hindus.

d) The stance on a communist government in India.

Answer: a) The stance on a united or divided India.

How did the political situation in 1945 impact the negotiations between the British government and the Indian political parties?

a) It led to successful negotiations and the creation of a united India.

b) It led to successful negotiations and the creation of Pakistan.

c) It failed to reach a consensus and added to the uncertainty and tensions.

d) It resulted in the immediate withdrawal of the British from India.

Answer: c) It failed to reach a consensus and added to the uncertainty and tensions.

What was the significance of the All India Muslim League's success in the general elections of 1945-46?

a) It strengthened the demand for a united India.

b) It weakened the demand for Pakistan.

c) It strengthened the demand for a separate state for Muslims.

d) It resulted in the immediate creation of Pakistan.

Answer: c) It strengthened the demand for a separate state for Muslims.

How did the political situation in 1945 contribute to the eventual creation of Pakistan?

a) It led to successful negotiations with the British government for the creation of Pakistan.

b) It weakened the demand for a separate state for Muslims.

c) It resulted in the immediate creation of Pakistan.

d) It added momentum to the demand for Pakistan.

Answer: d) It added momentum