

# 13 Lecture - PAK301

## Important Mcqs

**Who was the leader of the All India Muslim League during the struggle for independence in South Asia?**

- A) Mahatma Gandhi
- B) Jawaharlal Nehru
- C) Muhammad Ali Jinnah
- D) Subhas Chandra Bose

**Solution: C) Muhammad Ali Jinnah**

**When did India and Pakistan gain their independence from British rule?**

- A) 1942
- B) 1947
- C) 1950
- D) 1965

**Solution: B) 1947**

**What was the main demand of the All India Muslim League in the struggle for independence?**

- A) Complete independence from British rule
- B) Hindu-Muslim unity
- C) A separate nation for Muslims
- D) Economic reforms for farmers

**Solution: C) A separate nation for Muslims**

**Which document led to the creation of Pakistan as an independent state?**

- A) Lahore Resolution
- B) Nehru Report
- C) Simon Commission Report
- D) Lucknow Pact

**Solution: A) Lahore Resolution**

**Who was the last Viceroy of British India?**

- A) Lord Mountbatten
- B) Lord Curzon
- C) Lord Canning
- D) Lord Cornwallis

**Solution: A) Lord Mountbatten**

**What was the immediate consequence of the partition of British India in 1947?**

- A) Formation of Pakistan as an independent state
- B) Formation of India as an independent state
- C) Communal riots and violence
- D) All of the above

**Solution: D) All of the above**

**What was the main reason for the inclusion of the principle of 'Two-Nation Theory' in the demand for Pakistan?**

- A) Economic disparity between Hindus and Muslims
- B) Social inequality between Hindus and Muslims
- C) Political differences between Hindus and Muslims

D) Religious differences between Hindus and Muslims

**Solution: D) Religious differences between Hindus and Muslims**

**Who was the first Governor-General of Pakistan?**

A) Muhammad Ali Jinnah

B) Liaquat Ali Khan

C) Iskander Mirza

D) Ayub Khan

**Solution: A) Muhammad Ali Jinnah**

**What was the role of the British during the process of independence in 1947?**

A) They fully supported the demand for Pakistan

B) They opposed the demand for Pakistan

C) They remained neutral in the demand for Pakistan

D) They played a limited role in the demand for Pakistan

**Solution: B) They opposed the demand for Pakistan**

**What was the significance of August 11, 1947, in the history of Pakistan?**

A) Pakistan's Independence Day

B) Quaid-e-Azam's birthday

C) Quaid-e-Azam's famous speech on constitutional rights

D) Signing of the Lahore Resolution

**Solution: C) Quaid-e-Azam's famous speech on constitutional rights**