### 14 Lecture - PAK301

### **Important Mcqs**

#### Q: Which act introduced the concept of dyarchy in British India?

- a. Government of India Act 1919
- b. Government of India Act 1935
- c. Indian Councils Act 1861
- d. Morley-Minto Reforms 1909

#### Answer: a. Government of India Act 1919

#### Q: Who was the Viceroy of India when the Morley-Minto Reforms were introduced?

- a. Lord Curzon
- b. Lord Mountbatten
- c. Lord Ripon
- d. Lord Morley

Answer: d. Lord Morley

#### Q: Which act expanded the powers of the central legislature in British India?

- a. Government of India Act 1919
- b. Indian Councils Act 1861
- c. Government of India Act 1935
- d. Morley-Minto Reforms 1909

#### Answer: c. Government of India Act 1935

#### Q: Who led the All India Muslim League during the constitutional development in British India?

- a. Mahatma Gandhi
- b. Jawaharlal Nehru

- c. Quaid-e-Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah
- d. Bal Gangadhar Tilak

#### Answer: c. Quaid-e-Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah

#### Q: Which resolution called for the creation of an independent Muslim state in British India?

- a. Lahore Resolution of 1940
- b. Nehru Report of 1928
- c. Simon Commission Report of 1930
- d. Lucknow Pact of 1916

#### Answer: a. Lahore Resolution of 1940

# **Q:** What was the main demand of the Indian National Congress during the constitutional development in British India?

- a. Separate electorates for Hindus and Muslims
- b. Provincial autonomy
- c. Full independence
- d. Dyarchy

Answer: c. Full independence

#### Q: Which act introduced separate electorates for Hindus and Muslims in British India?

- a. Government of India Act 1935
- b. Morley-Minto Reforms 1909
- c. Indian Councils Act 1861
- d. Government of India Act 1919

#### Answer: b. Morley-Minto Reforms 1909

#### Q: What was the outcome of the Indian Independence Act 1947 in British India?

- a. Creation of India as an independent state
- b. Creation of Pakistan as an independent state

- c. Both a and b
- d. None of the above

Answer: c. Both a and b

## Q: What was the system of governance introduced by the Montagu-Chelmsford Reforms of 1919 in British India?

- a. Provincial autonomy
- b. Full independence
- c. Dyarchy
- d. Separate electorates
- Answer: c. Dyarchy

# **Q:** Who was the leader of the Indian National Congress during the constitutional development in British India?

- a. Mahatma Gandhi
- b. Jawaharlal Nehru
- c. Bal Gangadhar Tilak
- d. A.O. Hume

Answer: d. A.O. Hume