

# 14 Lecture - PAK301

## Important Mcqs

**Q: Which act introduced the concept of dyarchy in British India?**

- a. Government of India Act 1919
- b. Government of India Act 1935
- c. Indian Councils Act 1861
- d. Morley-Minto Reforms 1909

**Answer: a. Government of India Act 1919**

**Q: Who was the Viceroy of India when the Morley-Minto Reforms were introduced?**

- a. Lord Curzon
- b. Lord Mountbatten
- c. Lord Ripon
- d. Lord Morley

**Answer: d. Lord Morley**

**Q: Which act expanded the powers of the central legislature in British India?**

- a. Government of India Act 1919
- b. Indian Councils Act 1861
- c. Government of India Act 1935
- d. Morley-Minto Reforms 1909

**Answer: c. Government of India Act 1935**

**Q: Who led the All India Muslim League during the constitutional development in British India?**

- a. Mahatma Gandhi
- b. Jawaharlal Nehru

c. Quaid-e-Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah

d. Bal Gangadhar Tilak

**Answer: c. Quaid-e-Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah**

**Q: Which resolution called for the creation of an independent Muslim state in British India?**

a. Lahore Resolution of 1940

b. Nehru Report of 1928

c. Simon Commission Report of 1930

d. Lucknow Pact of 1916

**Answer: a. Lahore Resolution of 1940**

**Q: What was the main demand of the Indian National Congress during the constitutional development in British India?**

a. Separate electorates for Hindus and Muslims

b. Provincial autonomy

c. Full independence

d. Dyarchy

**Answer: c. Full independence**

**Q: Which act introduced separate electorates for Hindus and Muslims in British India?**

a. Government of India Act 1935

b. Morley-Minto Reforms 1909

c. Indian Councils Act 1861

d. Government of India Act 1919

**Answer: b. Morley-Minto Reforms 1909**

**Q: What was the outcome of the Indian Independence Act 1947 in British India?**

a. Creation of India as an independent state

b. Creation of Pakistan as an independent state

- c. Both a and b
- d. None of the above

**Answer: c. Both a and b**

**Q: What was the system of governance introduced by the Montagu-Chelmsford Reforms of 1919 in British India?**

- a. Provincial autonomy
- b. Full independence
- c. Dyarchy
- d. Separate electorates

**Answer: c. Dyarchy**

**Q: Who was the leader of the Indian National Congress during the constitutional development in British India?**

- a. Mahatma Gandhi
- b. Jawaharlal Nehru
- c. Bal Gangadhar Tilak
- d. A.O. Hume

**Answer: d. A.O. Hume**