6 Lecture - MTH101

Important Mcqs

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1. What is the limit of the function f(x) = 2x + 1 as x approaches 3?
a) 5
b) 7
c) 8
d) 9
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Answer: b) 7

Solution: When x approaches 3, the value of f(x) approaches $(2^*3 + 1) = 7$.

2. Which of the following functions is continuous at x = 0?

a) f(x) = 1/x b) f(x) = x^2 c) f(x) = |x| d) f(x) = sqrt(x) **Answer: b) f(x) = x^2**

Solution: The function $f(x) = x^2$ is continuous at x = 0 because the limit of f(x) as x approaches 0 is equal to f(0) = 0.

3. What is the derivative of the function f(x) = x^3?

- a) 3x^2
- b) 2x^3
- c) 4x^3
- d) x^2

Answer: a) 3x^2

Solution: The derivative of $f(x) = x^3$ is $f'(x) = 3x^2$.

4. What is the integral of the function f(x) = 1/x?

a) ln(x) + C b) x^2/2 + C c) 2x + C d) e^x + C **Answer: a) ln(x) + C**

Solution: The integral of f(x) = 1/x is $F(x) = \ln|x| + C$.

5. What is the domain of the function f(x) = sqrt(x - 4)?

a) (-infinity, 4]
b) [4, infinity)
c) [0, infinity)
d) (-infinity, infinity)
Answer: b) [4, infinity)

Solution: The function f(x) = sqrt(x - 4) is defined only for $x \ge 4$, which gives the domain [4, infinity).

6. What is the limit of the function f(x) = sin(x)/x as x approaches 0?

a) 0
b) 1
c) -1
d) does not exist
Answer: b) 1

Solution: The limit of f(x) = sin(x)/x as x approaches 0 is 1, which can be proved using L'Hopital's rule or the squeeze theorem.

7. Which of the following functions is not differentiable at x = 0?

a) f(x) = |x| b) f(x) = x^2 c) f(x) = sqrt(x) d) f(x) = 1/x **Answer: a) f(x) = |x|**

Solution: The function f(x) = |x| is not differentiable at x = 0 because it has a sharp point at that point.

8. What is the integral of the function f(x) = 2x?

a) x² + C b) x² + 1 c) x³ + C d) 2x² + C **Answer: a) x² + C**

Solution: The integral of f(x) = 2x is $F(x) = x^2 + C$.

9. What is the limit of the function $f(x) = (x^2 - 4)/(x - 2)$ as x approaches 2?

a) 0
b) 1
c) 2
d) does not exist
Answer: c)