

19 Lecture - CS410

Important Subjective

***Question 1:** Explain the concept of a context menu in a user interface and provide an example of when it might be used.**

****Answer:**** A context menu is a type of menu that appears when a user right-clicks on an element. It provides relevant options based on the context of the selected element. For instance, in a text editor, a context menu might offer options like cut, copy, and paste when right-clicking on selected text.

****Question 2:** Describe the purpose of a modal dialog in a software application and give an example of its use.**

****Answer:**** A modal dialog is a type of dialog box that requires user interaction before the user can proceed with other tasks. An example is a "Save Changes" dialog that appears when closing a document without saving changes, ensuring the user confirms their decision before potentially losing data.

****Question 3:** How does a dropdown menu differ from a context menu, and where might you encounter each in a user interface?**

****Answer:**** A dropdown menu is a list of options that is hidden until triggered, often displayed by clicking a button or icon. A context menu appears when right-clicking on an element, providing relevant actions. Dropdown menus are commonly found in navigation bars, while context menus appear when interacting with items in applications.

****Question 4:** Explain the purpose of a navigation drawer in a mobile app and provide an example of its use.**

****Answer:**** A navigation drawer is a hidden panel that slides in from the side of the screen, providing access to app navigation and options. An example is a mobile email app where the navigation drawer allows users to switch between folders and accounts while using the main email interface.

****Question 5:** What role does a file dialog play in a software application, and how does it benefit users?**

****Answer:**** A file dialog is used to allow users to open, save, or select files. It provides an organized way for users to interact with their computer's file system, helping them locate and manage files efficiently.

****Question 6:**** Describe the importance of using consistent and clear menu labels in a user interface.

****Answer:**** Consistent and clear menu labels enhance user experience by providing easily understandable options. Users can quickly identify and select the desired action, reducing confusion and improving usability.

****Question 7:**** Explain the term "modal vs. modeless dialogs" and provide an example of when each might be preferred.

****Answer:**** Modal dialogs require user interaction before proceeding, blocking other interactions. They are suitable for critical decisions like confirming a deletion. Modeless dialogs allow users to interact with the rest of the interface while the dialog is open, useful for providing supplementary information without interrupting the workflow.

****Question 8:**** Discuss the advantages of using a toolbar menu in a software application and give an example of its use.

****Answer:**** A toolbar menu offers quick access to commonly used actions. It saves users time by placing important functionalities at their fingertips. An example is a graphic design software where the toolbar menu provides tools for drawing, coloring, and editing.

****Question 9:**** How can designers ensure that dialogs and menus are accessible to users with disabilities?

****Answer:**** Designers should provide keyboard navigation, ensure proper labeling for screen readers, use sufficient color contrast, and follow accessibility guidelines such as WCAG to ensure menus and dialogs are usable by individuals with disabilities.

****Question 10:**** Describe the concept of a toast notification in a user interface and explain when it might be utilized.

****Answer:**** A toast notification is a brief, unobtrusive message that appears temporarily to convey information or updates to the user. It is often used to show real-time updates like incoming messages or notifications while allowing users to continue their current task without interruption.